

New Heavy Bosons (W' , Z' , leptoquarks, etc.), Searches for

We list here various limits on charged and neutral heavy vector bosons (other than W 's and Z 's), heavy scalar bosons (other than Higgs bosons), vector or scalar leptoquarks, and axigluons. The latest unpublished results are described in " W' Searches" and " Z' Searches" reviews.

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MASS LIMITS for W' (Heavy Charged Vector Boson Other Than W) in Hadron Collider Experiments

Couplings of W' to quarks and leptons are taken to be identical with those of W . The following limits are obtained from $p\bar{p}$ or $pp \rightarrow W'X$ with W' decaying to the mode indicated in the comments. New decay channels (e.g., $W' \rightarrow WZ$) are assumed to

be suppressed. The most recent preliminary results can be found in the “ W' -boson searches” review above.

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
> 950	95	1 AAD 13AO	ATLS	$W' \rightarrow WZ$
>1680	95	AAD 13D	ATLS	$W' \rightarrow q\bar{q}$
>1920	95	CHATRCHYAN 13A	CMS	$W' \rightarrow q\bar{q}$
>2900	95	2 CHATRCHYAN 13AQ	CMS	$W' \rightarrow e\nu, \mu\nu$
>1510	95	3 CHATRCHYAN 13E	CMS	$W' \rightarrow tb$
>1130	95	4 AAD 12AV	ATLS	$W' \rightarrow tb$
> 760	95	5 AAD 12BB	ATLS	$W' \rightarrow WZ$
>2550	95	AAD 12CR	ATLS	$W' \rightarrow e\nu, \mu\nu$
>2630	95	6 CHATRCHYAN 12AB	CMS	$W' \rightarrow e\nu, \mu\nu$
>1143	95	5 CHATRCHYAN 12AF	CMS	$W' \rightarrow WZ$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
		7 CHATRCHYAN 13AJ	CMS	$W' \rightarrow WZ$
none 1000–1730	95	8 CHATRCHYAN 13AS	CMS	$W' \rightarrow q\bar{q}$
none 700–940	95	9 CHATRCHYAN 13U	CMS	$W' \rightarrow WZ$
		10 AAD 12CK	ATLS	$W' \rightarrow \bar{t}q$
		11 AAD 12M	ATLS	$W' \rightarrow Nl \rightarrow lljj$
		12 AALTONEN 12N	CDF	$W' \rightarrow \bar{t}d$
		13 CHATRCHYAN 12AR	CMS	$W' \rightarrow \bar{t}d$
		14 CHATRCHYAN 12BG	CMS	$W' \rightarrow Nl \rightarrow lljj$
>1490	95	AAD 11M	ATLS	$W' \rightarrow e\nu, \mu\nu$
>2150	95	AAD 11Q	ATLS	$W' \rightarrow e\nu, \mu\nu$
>1120	95	AALTONEN 11C	CDF	$W' \rightarrow e\nu$
none 180–690	95	15 ABAZOV 11H	D0	$W' \rightarrow WZ$
> 863	95	16 ABAZOV 11L	D0	$W' \rightarrow tb$
>1580	95	CHATRCHYAN 11K	CMS	$W' \rightarrow e\nu, \mu\nu$
>1400	95	CHATRCHYAN 11K	CMS	$W' \rightarrow \mu\nu$
>1510	95	CHATRCHYAN 11Y	CMS	$W' \rightarrow q\bar{q}$
>1360	95	KHACHATRY...11H	CMS	$W' \rightarrow e\nu$
none 285–516	95	17 AALTONEN 10N	CDF	$W' \rightarrow WZ$
none 188–520	95	18 ABAZOV 10A	D0	$W' \rightarrow WZ$
> 800	95	19 AALTONEN 09AA	CDF	$W' \rightarrow tb$
none 280–840	95	20 AALTONEN 09AC	CDF	$W' \rightarrow q\bar{q}$
>1000	95	ABAZOV 08C	D0	$W' \rightarrow e\nu$
> 731	95	21 ABAZOV 08P	D0	$W' \rightarrow tb$
> 788	95	ABULENCIA 07K	CDF	$W' \rightarrow e\nu$
none 200–610	95	22 ABAZOV 06N	D0	$W' \rightarrow tb$
> 800	95	ABAZOV 04C	D0	$W' \rightarrow q\bar{q}$
225–536	95	23 ACOSTA 03B	CDF	$W' \rightarrow tb$
none 200–480	95	24 AFFOLDER 02C	CDF	$W' \rightarrow WZ$
> 786	95	25 AFFOLDER 01I	CDF	$W' \rightarrow e\nu, \mu\nu$
> 660	95	26 ABE 00	CDF	$W' \rightarrow \mu\nu$
none 300–420	95	27 ABE 97G	CDF	$W' \rightarrow q\bar{q}$
> 720	95	28 ABACHI 96C	D0	$W' \rightarrow e\nu$
> 610	95	29 ABACHI 95E	D0	$W' \rightarrow e\nu, \tau\nu$
> 652	95	30 ABE 95M	CDF	$W' \rightarrow e\nu$
none 260–600	95	31 RIZZO 93	RVUE	$W' \rightarrow q\bar{q}$

- ¹ AAD 13AO search for W' decaying into the WZ final state with $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$, $Z \rightarrow 2j$. The quoted limit assumes $g_{W'WZ}/g_{WWZ} = (M_W/M_{W'})^2$.
- ² CHATRCHYAN 13AQ limit is for W' with SM-like coupling which interferes with the SM W boson.
- ³ CHATRCHYAN 13E limit is for W' with SM-like coupling which interferes with the SM W boson. For W' with right-handed coupling, the bound becomes >1850 GeV (>1910 GeV) if W' decays to both leptons and quarks (only to quarks). If both left- and right-handed couplings are present, the limit becomes >1640 GeV.
- ⁴ The AAD 12AV quoted limit is for a SM-like right-handed W' . $W' \rightarrow \ell\nu$ decay is assumed to be forbidden.
- ⁵ The quoted limit assumes $g_{W'WZ}/g_{WWZ} = (M_W/M_{W'})^2$.
- ⁶ CHATRCHYAN 12AB limit is for W' with SM-like coupling which interferes with the SM W boson constructively. For W' with right-handed coupling, the bound becomes >2.5 TeV.
- ⁷ CHATRCHYAN 13AJ search for resonances decaying to WZ pair, using the hadronic decay modes of W and Z . See their Fig. 7 for the limit on the cross section.
- ⁸ CHATRCHYAN 13AS search for new resonance decaying to dijets in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV.
- ⁹ CHATRCHYAN 13U search for W' decaying to the WZ final state, with W decaying into jets. The quoted limit assumes $g_{W'WZ}/g_{WWZ} = (M_W/M_{W'})^2$.
- ¹⁰ AAD 12CK search for $pp \rightarrow tW'$, $W' \rightarrow \bar{t}q$ events in pp collisions. See their Fig. 5 for the limit on $\sigma \cdot B$.
- ¹¹ AAD 12M search for right-handed W_R in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. W_R is assumed to decay into ℓ and hypothetical heavy neutrino N , with N decaying into ℓjj . See their Fig. 4 for the limit in the $m_N - m_{W'}$ plane.
- ¹² AALTONEN 12N search for $p\bar{p} \rightarrow tW'$, $W' \rightarrow \bar{t}d$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions. See their Fig. 3 for the limit on $\sigma \cdot B$.
- ¹³ CHATRCHYAN 12AR search for $pp \rightarrow tW'$, $W' \rightarrow \bar{t}d$ events in pp collisions. See their Fig. 2 for the limit on $\sigma \cdot B$.
- ¹⁴ CHATRCHYAN 12BG search for right-handed W_R in pp collisions $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. W_R is assumed to decay into ℓ and hypothetical heavy neutrino N , with N decaying into ℓjj . See their Fig. 3 for the limit in the $m_N - m_{W'}$ plane.
- ¹⁵ The quoted limit is obtained assuming $W'WZ$ coupling strength is the same as the ordinary WWZ coupling strength in the Standard Model.
- ¹⁶ ABAZOV 11L limit is for W' with SM-like coupling which interferes with the SM W boson. For W' with right-handed coupling, the bound becomes >885 GeV (>890 GeV) if W' decays to both leptons and quarks (only to quarks). If both left- and right-handed couplings present, the limit becomes >916 GeV.
- ¹⁷ The quoted limit assumes $g_{W'WZ}/g_{WWZ} = (M_W/M_{W'})^2$. See their Fig. 4 for limits in mass-coupling plane.
- ¹⁸ The quoted limit assumes $g_{W'WZ}/g_{WWZ} = (M_W/M_{W'})^2$. See their Fig. 3 for limits in mass-coupling plane.
- ¹⁹ The AALTONEN 09AA quoted limit is for a right-handed W' with SM-like coupling allowing $W' \rightarrow \ell\nu$ decays.
- ²⁰ AALTONEN 09AC search for new particle decaying to dijets.
- ²¹ The ABAZOV 08P quoted limit is for W' with SM-like coupling which interferes with the SM W boson. For W' with right-handed coupling, the bound becomes >739 GeV (>768 GeV) if W' decays to both leptons and quarks (only to quarks).
- ²² The ABAZOV 06N quoted limit is for W' with SM-like coupling which interferes with the SM W boson. For W' with right-handed coupling, $M_{W'}$ between 200 and 630 (670) GeV is excluded for $M_{\nu_R} \ll M_{W'}$ ($M_{\nu_R} > M_{W'}$).

- ²³ The ACOSTA 03B quoted limit is for $M_{W'} \gg M_{\nu_R}$. For $M_{W'} < M_{\nu_R}$, $M_{W'}$ between 225 and 566 GeV is excluded.
- ²⁴ The quoted limit is obtained assuming $W'WZ$ coupling strength is the same as the ordinary WWZ coupling strength in the Standard Model. See their Fig. 2 for the limits on the production cross sections as a function of the W' width.
- ²⁵ AFFOLDER 01I combine a new bound on $W' \rightarrow e\nu$ of 754 GeV with the bound of ABE 00 on $W' \rightarrow \mu\nu$ to obtain quoted bound.
- ²⁶ ABE 00 assume that the neutrino from W' decay is stable and has a mass significantly less than $m_{W'}$.
- ²⁷ ABE 97G search for new particle decaying to dijets.
- ²⁸ For bounds on W_R with nonzero right-handed mass, see Fig. 5 from ABACHI 96C.
- ²⁹ ABACHI 95E assume that the decay $W' \rightarrow WZ$ is suppressed and that the neutrino from W' decay is stable and has a mass significantly less $m_{W'}$.
- ³⁰ ABE 95M assume that the decay $W' \rightarrow WZ$ is suppressed and the (right-handed) neutrino is light, noninteracting, and stable. If $m_{\nu}=60$ GeV, for example, the effect on the mass limit is negligible.
- ³¹ RIZZO 93 analyses CDF limit on possible two-jet resonances. The limit is sensitive to the inclusion of the assumed K factor.

W_R (Right-Handed W Boson) MASS LIMITS

Assuming a light right-handed neutrino, except for BEALL 82, LANGACKER 89B, and COLANGELO 91. $g_R = g_L$ assumed. [Limits in the section MASS LIMITS for W' below are also valid for W_R if $m_{\nu_R} \ll m_{W_R}$.] Some limits assume manifest left-right symmetry, *i.e.*, the equality of left- and right Cabibbo-Kobayashi-Maskawa matrices. For a comprehensive review, see LANGACKER 89B. Limits on the W_L - W_R mixing angle ζ are found in the next section. Values in brackets are from cosmological and astrophysical considerations and assume a light right-handed neutrino.

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
> 592	90	¹ BUENO	11 TWST	μ decay
> 715	90	² CZAKON	99 RVUE	Electroweak
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
> 245	90	³ WAUTERS	10 CNTR	⁶⁰ Co β decay
> 180	90	⁴ MELCONIAN	07 CNTR	³⁷ K β^+ decay
> 290.7	90	⁵ SCHUMANN	07 CNTR	Polarized neutron decay
[> 3300]	95	⁶ CYBURT	05 COSM	Nucleosynthesis; light ν_R
> 310	90	⁷ THOMAS	01 CNTR	β^+ decay
> 137	95	⁸ ACKERSTAFF	99D OPAL	τ decay
>1400	68	⁹ BARENBOIM	98 RVUE	Electroweak, Z - Z' mixing
> 549	68	¹⁰ BARENBOIM	97 RVUE	μ decay
> 220	95	¹¹ STAHL	97 RVUE	τ decay
> 220	90	¹² ALLET	96 CNTR	β^+ decay
> 281	90	¹³ KUZNETSOV	95 CNTR	Polarized neutron decay
> 282	90	¹⁴ KUZNETSOV	94B CNTR	Polarized neutron decay
> 439	90	¹⁵ BHATTACH...	93 RVUE	Z - Z' mixing
> 250	90	¹⁶ SEVERIJNS	93 CNTR	β^+ decay
		¹⁷ IMAZATO	92 CNTR	K^+ decay
> 475	90	¹⁸ POLAK	92B RVUE	μ decay
> 240	90	¹⁹ AQUINO	91 RVUE	Neutron decay
> 496	90	¹⁹ AQUINO	91 RVUE	Neutron and muon decay

> 700		²⁰ COLANGELO	91	THEO	$m_{K_L^0} - m_{K_S^0}$
> 477	90	²¹ POLAK	91	RVUE	μ decay
[none 540–23000]		²² BARBIERI	89B	ASTR	SN 1987A; light ν_R
> 300	90	²³ LANGACKER	89B	RVUE	General
> 160	90	²⁴ BALKE	88	CNTR	$\mu \rightarrow e \nu \bar{\nu}$
> 406	90	²⁵ JODIDIO	86	ELEC	Any ζ
> 482	90	²⁵ JODIDIO	86	ELEC	$\zeta = 0$
> 800		MOHAPATRA	86	RVUE	$SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R \times U(1)$
> 400	95	²⁶ STOKER	85	ELEC	Any ζ
> 475	95	²⁶ STOKER	85	ELEC	$\zeta < 0.041$
		²⁷ BERGSMA	83	CHRM	$\nu_\mu e \rightarrow \mu \nu_e$
> 380	90	²⁸ CARR	83	ELEC	μ^+ decay
>1600		²⁹ BEALL	82	THEO	$m_{K_L^0} - m_{K_S^0}$

¹ The quoted limit is for manifest left-right symmetric model.

² CZAKON 99 perform a simultaneous fit to charged and neutral sectors.

³ WAUTERS 10 limit is from a measurement of the asymmetry parameter of polarized ^{60}Co β decays. The listed limit assumes no mixing.

⁴ MELCONIAN 07 measure the neutrino angular asymmetry in β^+ -decays of polarized ^{37}K , stored in a magneto-optical trap. Result is consistent with SM prediction and does not constrain the $W_L - W_R$ mixing angle appreciably.

⁵ SCHUMANN 07 limit is from measurements of the asymmetry $\langle \vec{p}_\nu \cdot \sigma_n \rangle$ in the β decay of polarized neutrons. Zero mixing is assumed.

⁶ CYBURT 05 limit follows by requiring that three light ν_R 's decouple when $T_{dec} > 140$ MeV. For different T_{dec} , the bound becomes $M_{W_R} > 3.3 \text{ TeV} (T_{dec} / 140 \text{ MeV})^{3/4}$.

⁷ THOMAS 01 limit is from measurement of β^+ polarization in decay of polarized ^{12}N . The listed limit assumes no mixing.

⁸ ACKERSTAFF 99D limit is from τ decay parameters. Limit increase to 145 GeV for zero mixing.

⁹ BARENBOIM 98 assumes minimal left-right model with Higgs of $SU(2)_R$ in $SU(2)_L$ doublet. For Higgs in $SU(2)_L$ triplet, $m_{W_R} > 1100$ GeV. Bound calculated from effect of corresponding Z_{LR} on electroweak data through $Z - Z_{LR}$ mixing.

¹⁰ The quoted limit is from μ decay parameters. BARENBOIM 97 also evaluate limit from $K_L - K_S$ mass difference.

¹¹ STAHL 97 limit is from fit to τ -decay parameters.

¹² ALLET 96 measured polarization-asymmetry correlation in $^{12}\text{N} \beta^+$ decay. The listed limit assumes zero L - R mixing.

¹³ KUZNETSOV 95 limit is from measurements of the asymmetry $\langle \vec{p}_\nu \cdot \sigma_n \rangle$ in the β decay of polarized neutrons. Zero mixing assumed. See also KUZNETSOV 94B.

¹⁴ KUZNETSOV 94B limit is from measurements of the asymmetry $\langle \vec{p}_\nu \cdot \sigma_n \rangle$ in the β decay of polarized neutrons. Zero mixing assumed.

¹⁵ BHATTACHARYYA 93 uses $Z - Z'$ mixing limit from LEP '90 data, assuming a specific Higgs sector of $SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R \times U(1)$ gauge model. The limit is for $m_t = 200$ GeV and slightly improves for smaller m_t .

¹⁶ SEVERIJNS 93 measured polarization-asymmetry correlation in $^{107}\text{In} \beta^+$ decay. The listed limit assumes zero L - R mixing. Value quoted here is from SEVERIJNS 94 erratum.

¹⁷ IMAZATO 92 measure positron asymmetry in $K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu$ decay and obtain $\xi P_\mu > 0.990$ (90% CL). If W_R couples to $u\bar{s}$ with full weak strength ($V_{us}^R = 1$), the result corresponds to $m_{W_R} > 653$ GeV. See their Fig. 4 for m_{W_R} limits for general $|V_{us}^R|^2 = 1 - |V_{ud}^R|^2$.

- 18 POLAK 92B limit is from fit to muon decay parameters and is essentially determined by JODIDIO 86 data assuming $\zeta=0$. Supersedes POLAK 91.
- 19 AQUINO 91 limits obtained from neutron lifetime and asymmetries together with unitarity of the CKM matrix. Manifest left-right symmetry assumed. Stronger of the two limits also includes muon decay results.
- 20 COLANGELO 91 limit uses hadronic matrix elements evaluated by QCD sum rule and is less restrictive than BEALL 82 limit which uses vacuum saturation approximation. Manifest left-right symmetry assumed.
- 21 POLAK 91 limit is from fit to muon decay parameters and is essentially determined by JODIDIO 86 data assuming $\zeta=0$. Superseded by POLAK 92B.
- 22 BARBIERI 89B limit holds for $m_{\nu_R} \leq 10$ MeV.
- 23 LANGACKER 89B limit is for any ν_R mass (either Dirac or Majorana) and for a general class of right-handed quark mixing matrices.
- 24 BALKE 88 limit is for $m_{\nu_{eR}} = 0$ and $m_{\nu_{\mu R}} \leq 50$ MeV. Limits come from precise measurements of the muon decay asymmetry as a function of the positron energy.
- 25 JODIDIO 86 is the same TRIUMF experiment as STOKER 85 (and CARR 83); however, it uses a different technique. The results given here are combined results of the two techniques. The technique here involves precise measurement of the end-point e^+ spectrum in the decay of the highly polarized μ^+ .
- 26 STOKER 85 is same TRIUMF experiment as CARR 83. Here they measure the decay e^+ spectrum asymmetry above 46 MeV/c using a muon-spin-rotation technique. Assumed a light right-handed neutrino. Quoted limits are from combining with CARR 83.
- 27 BERGSMA 83 set limit $m_{W_2}/m_{W_1} > 1.9$ at CL = 90%.
- 28 CARR 83 is TRIUMF experiment with a highly polarized μ^+ beam. Looked for deviation from $V-A$ at the high momentum end of the decay e^+ energy spectrum. Limit from previous world-average muon polarization parameter is $m_{W_R} > 240$ GeV. Assumes a light right-handed neutrino.
- 29 BEALL 82 limit is obtained assuming that W_R contribution to $K_L^0-K_S^0$ mass difference is smaller than the standard one, neglecting the top quark contributions. Manifest left-right symmetry assumed.

Limit on W_L - W_R Mixing Angle ζ

Lighter mass eigenstate $W_1 = W_L \cos \zeta - W_R \sin \zeta$. Light ν_R assumed unless noted.

Values in brackets are from cosmological and astrophysical considerations.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
-0.020 to 0.017	90	BUENO 11	TWST	$\mu \rightarrow e \nu \bar{\nu}$
< 0.022	90	MACDONALD 08	TWST	$\mu \rightarrow e \nu \bar{\nu}$
< 0.12	95	1 ACKERSTAFF 99D	OPAL	τ decay
< 0.013	90	2 CZAKON 99	RVUE	Electroweak
< 0.0333		3 BARENBOIM 97	RVUE	μ decay
< 0.04	90	4 MISHRA 92	CCFR	νN scattering
-0.0006 to 0.0028	90	5 AQUINO 91	RVUE	
[none 0.00001-0.02]		6 BARBIERI 89B	ASTR	SN 1987A
< 0.040	90	7 JODIDIO 86	ELEC	μ decay
-0.056 to 0.040	90	7 JODIDIO 86	ELEC	μ decay

- ¹ ACKERSTAFF 99D limit is from τ decay parameters.
² CZAKON 99 perform a simultaneous fit to charged and neutral sectors.
³ The quoted limit is from μ decay parameters. BARENBOIM 97 also evaluate limit from K_L-K_S mass difference.
⁴ MISHRA 92 limit is from the absence of extra large- x , large- y $\bar{\nu}_\mu N \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_\mu X$ events at Tevatron, assuming left-handed ν and right-handed $\bar{\nu}$ in the neutrino beam. The result gives $\zeta^2(1-2m_{W_1}^2/m_{W_2}^2) < 0.0015$. The limit is independent of ν_R mass.
⁵ AQUINO 91 limits obtained from neutron lifetime and asymmetries together with unitarity of the CKM matrix. Manifest left-right asymmetry is assumed.
⁶ BARBIERI 89B limit holds for $m_{\nu_R} \leq 10$ MeV.
⁷ First JODIDIO 86 result assumes $m_{W_R} = \infty$, second is for unconstrained m_{W_R} .

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MASS LIMITS for Z' (Heavy Neutral Vector Boson Other Than Z)

Limits for Z'_{SM}

Z'_{SM} is assumed to have couplings with quarks and leptons which are identical to those of Z , and decays only to known fermions. The most recent preliminary results can be found in the “ Z' -boson searches” review above.

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
>1400	95	¹ AAD 13S	ATLS	$pp; Z'_{SM} \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$
>1470	95	CHATRCHYAN 13A	CMS	$pp; Z'_{SM} \rightarrow q\bar{q}$
>2590	95	² CHATRCHYAN 13AF	CMS	$pp; Z'_{SM} \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$
none 1000–1620	95	³ CHATRCHYAN 13AS	CMS	$pp; Z'_{SM} \rightarrow q\bar{q}$
>2220	95	⁴ AAD 12CC	ATLS	$pp; Z'_{SM} \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$
>1400	95	⁵ CHATRCHYAN 120	CMS	$pp; Z'_{SM} \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$
>1500	95	⁶ CHEUNG 01B	RVUE	Electroweak
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
>2330	95	⁷ CHATRCHYAN 12M	CMS	$pp; Z'_{SM} \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$
>1830	95	⁸ AAD 11AD	ATLS	$pp; Z'_{SM} \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$
>1048	95	⁹ AAD 11J	ATLS	$pp; Z'_{SM} \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$
>1071	95	¹⁰ AALTONEN 11I	CDF	$p\bar{p}; Z'_{SM} \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
>1023	95	¹¹ ABAZOV 11A	DO	$p\bar{p}; Z'_{SM} \rightarrow e^+ e^-$
>1140	95	¹² CHATRCHYAN 11	CMS	$pp; Z'_{SM} \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$
none 247–544	95	¹³ AALTONEN 10N	CDF	$Z' \rightarrow WW$
none 320–740	95	¹⁴ AALTONEN 09AC	CDF	$Z' \rightarrow q\bar{q}$
> 963	95	¹¹ AALTONEN 09T	CDF	$p\bar{p}; Z'_{SM} \rightarrow e^+ e^-$
>1030	95	¹⁵ AALTONEN 09V	CDF	$p\bar{p}; Z'_{SM} \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
>1403	95	¹⁶ ERLER 09	RVUE	Electroweak
> 923	95	¹¹ AALTONEN 07H	CDF	Repl. by AALTONEN 09T
>1305	95	¹⁷ ABDALLAH 06C	DLPH	$e^+ e^-$
> 850		¹¹ ABULENCIA 06L	CDF	Repl. by AALTONEN 07H

> 825	95	18 ABULENCIA	05A CDF	$p\bar{p}; Z'_{SM} \rightarrow e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-$
> 399	95	19 ACOSTA	05R CDF	$\bar{p}p: Z'_{SM} \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$
none 400–640	95	ABAZOV	04C D0	$p\bar{p}: Z'_{SM} \rightarrow q\bar{q}$
>1018	95	20 ABBIENDI	04G OPAL	e^+e^-
> 670	95	21 ABAZOV	01B D0	$p\bar{p}; Z'_{SM} \rightarrow e^+e^-$
> 710	95	22 ABREU	00S DLPH	e^+e^-
> 898	95	23 BARATE	00I ALEP	e^+e^-
> 809	95	24 ERLER	99 RVUE	Electroweak
> 690	95	25 ABE	97S CDF	$p\bar{p}; Z'_{SM} \rightarrow e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-$
> 490	95	ABACHI	96D D0	$p\bar{p}; Z'_{SM} \rightarrow e^+e^-$
> 398	95	26 VILAIN	94B CHM2	$\nu_\mu e \rightarrow \nu_\mu e$ and $\bar{\nu}_\mu e \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_\mu e$
> 237	90	27 ALITTI	93 UA2	$p\bar{p}; Z'_{SM} \rightarrow q\bar{q}$
none 260–600	95	28 RIZZO	93 RVUE	$p\bar{p}; Z'_{SM} \rightarrow q\bar{q}$
> 426	90	29 ABE	90F VNS	e^+e^-

- ¹ AAD 13S search for resonances decaying to $\tau^+\tau^-$ in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.
- ² CHATRCHYAN 13AF search for resonances decaying to $e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-$ in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV and 8 TeV.
- ³ CHATRCHYAN 13AS search for new resonance decaying to dijets in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV.
- ⁴ AAD 12CC search for resonances decaying to $e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-$ in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.
- ⁵ CHATRCHYAN 120 search for resonances decaying to $\tau^+\tau^-$ in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.
- ⁶ CHEUNG 01B limit is derived from bounds on contact interactions in a global electroweak analysis.
- ⁷ CHATRCHYAN 12M search for resonances decaying to e^+e^- or $\mu^+\mu^-$ in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.
- ⁸ AAD 11AD search for resonances decaying to $e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-$ in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.
- ⁹ AAD 11J search for resonances decaying to e^+e^- or $\mu^+\mu^-$ in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.
- ¹⁰ AALTONEN 11I search for resonances decaying to $\mu^+\mu^-$ in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.
- ¹¹ ABAZOV 11A, AALTONEN 09T, AALTONEN 07H, and ABULENCIA 06L search for resonances decaying to e^+e^- in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.
- ¹² CHATRCHYAN 11 search for resonances decaying to e^+e^- or $\mu^+\mu^-$ in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.
- ¹³ The quoted limit assumes $g_{WWZ'}/g_{WWZ} = (M_W/M_{Z'})^2$. See their Fig. 4 for limits in mass-coupling plane.
- ¹⁴ AALTONEN 09AC search for new particle decaying to dijets.
- ¹⁵ AALTONEN 09V search for resonances decaying to $\mu^+\mu^-$ in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.
- ¹⁶ ERLER 09 give 95% CL limit on the Z - Z' mixing $-0.0026 < \theta < 0.0006$.
- ¹⁷ ABDALLAH 06C use data $\sqrt{s} = 130$ – 207 GeV.
- ¹⁸ ABULENCIA 05A search for resonances decaying to electron or muon pairs in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.
- ¹⁹ ACOSTA 05R search for resonances decaying to tau lepton pairs in $\bar{p}p$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.
- ²⁰ ABBIENDI 04G give 95% CL limit on Z - Z' mixing $-0.00422 < \theta < 0.00091$. $\sqrt{s} = 91$ to 207 GeV.

- 21 ABAZOV 01B search for resonances in $p\bar{p} \rightarrow e^+e^-$ at $\sqrt{s}=1.8$ TeV. They find $\sigma \cdot B(Z' \rightarrow ee) < 0.06$ pb for $M_{Z'} > 500$ GeV.
- 22 ABREU 00S uses LEP data at $\sqrt{s}=90$ to 189 GeV.
- 23 BARATE 00I search for deviations in cross section and asymmetries in $e^+e^- \rightarrow$ fermions at $\sqrt{s}=90$ to 183 GeV. Assume $\theta=0$. Bounds in the mass-mixing plane are shown in their Figure 18.
- 24 ERLER 99 give 90%CL limit on the Z - Z' mixing $-0.0041 < \theta < 0.0003$. $\rho_0=1$ is assumed.
- 25 ABE 97S find $\sigma(Z') \times B(e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-) < 40$ fb for $m_{Z'} > 600$ GeV at $\sqrt{s}=1.8$ TeV.
- 26 VILAIN 94B assume $m_t = 150$ GeV.
- 27 ALITTI 93 search for resonances in the two-jet invariant mass. The limit assumes $B(Z' \rightarrow q\bar{q})=0.7$. See their Fig. 5 for limits in the $m_{Z'}-B(q\bar{q})$ plane.
- 28 RIZZO 93 analyses CDF limit on possible two-jet resonances.
- 29 ABE 90F use data for $R, R_{\ell\ell}$, and $A_{\ell\ell}$. They fix $m_W = 80.49 \pm 0.43 \pm 0.24$ GeV and $m_Z = 91.13 \pm 0.03$ GeV.

Limits for Z_{LR}

Z_{LR} is the extra neutral boson in left-right symmetric models. $g_L = g_R$ is assumed unless noted. Values in parentheses assume stronger constraint on the Higgs sector, usually motivated by specific left-right symmetric models (see the Note on the W'). Values in brackets are from cosmological and astrophysical considerations and assume a light right-handed neutrino. Direct search bounds assume decays to Standard Model fermions only, unless noted.

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
>1162	95	¹ DEL-AGUILA	10	RVUE Electroweak
> 630	95	² ABE	97S	CDF $p\bar{p}; Z'_{LR} \rightarrow e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
> 998	95	³ ERLER	09	RVUE Electroweak
> 600	95	SCHAEL	07A	ALEP e^+e^-
> 455	95	⁴ ABDALLAH	06C	DLPH e^+e^-
> 518	95	⁵ ABBIENDI	04G	OPAL e^+e^-
> 860	95	⁶ CHEUNG	01B	RVUE Electroweak
> 380	95	⁷ ABREU	00S	DLPH e^+e^-
> 436	95	⁸ BARATE	00I	ALEP Repl. by SCHAEL 07A
> 550	95	⁹ CHAY	00	RVUE Electroweak
		¹⁰ ERLER	00	RVUE Cs
		¹¹ CASALBUONI	99	RVUE Cs
(> 1205)	90	¹² CZAKON	99	RVUE Electroweak
> 564	95	¹³ ERLER	99	RVUE Electroweak
(> 1673)	95	¹⁴ ERLER	99	RVUE Electroweak
(> 1700)	68	¹⁵ BARENBOIM	98	RVUE Electroweak
> 244	95	¹⁶ CONRAD	98	RVUE $\nu_\mu N$ scattering
> 253	95	¹⁷ VILAIN	94B	CHM2 $\nu_\mu e \rightarrow \nu_\mu e$ and $\bar{\nu}_\mu e \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_\mu e$
none 200–600	95	¹⁸ RIZZO	93	RVUE $p\bar{p}; Z_{LR} \rightarrow q\bar{q}$
[> 2000]		WALKER	91	COSM Nucleosynthesis; light ν_R
none 200–500		¹⁹ GRIFOLS	90	ASTR SN 1987A; light ν_R
none 350–2400		²⁰ BARBIERI	89B	ASTR SN 1987A; light ν_R

- ¹ DEL-AGUILA 10 give 95% CL limit on the Z - Z' mixing $-0.0012 < \theta < 0.0004$.
- ² ABE 97S find $\sigma(Z') \times B(e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-) < 40$ fb for $m_{Z'} > 600$ GeV at $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$ TeV.
- ³ ERLER 09 give 95% CL limit on the Z - Z' mixing $-0.0013 < \theta < 0.0006$.
- ⁴ ABDALLAH 06C give 95% CL limit $|\theta| < 0.0028$. See their Fig. 14 for limit contours in the mass-mixing plane.
- ⁵ ABBIENDI 04G give 95% CL limit on Z - Z' mixing $-0.00098 < \theta < 0.00190$. See their Fig. 20 for the limit contour in the mass-mixing plane. $\sqrt{s} = 91$ to 207 GeV.
- ⁶ CHEUNG 01B limit is derived from bounds on contact interactions in a global electroweak analysis.
- ⁷ ABREU 00S give 95% CL limit on Z - Z' mixing $|\theta| < 0.0018$. See their Fig. 6 for the limit contour in the mass-mixing plane. $\sqrt{s} = 90$ to 189 GeV.
- ⁸ BARATE 00I search for deviations in cross section and asymmetries in $e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ fermions at $\sqrt{s} = 90$ to 183 GeV. Assume $\theta = 0$. Bounds in the mass-mixing plane are shown in their Figure 18.
- ⁹ CHAY 00 also find $-0.0003 < \theta < 0.0019$. For g_R free, $m_{Z'} > 430$ GeV.
- ¹⁰ ERLER 00 discuss the possibility that a discrepancy between the observed and predicted values of $Q_W(C_s)$ is due to the exchange of Z' . The data are better described in a certain class of the Z' models including Z_{LR} and Z_χ .
- ¹¹ CASALBUONI 99 discuss the discrepancy between the observed and predicted values of $Q_W(C_s)$. It is shown that the data are better described in a class of models including the Z_{LR} model.
- ¹² CZAKON 99 perform a simultaneous fit to charged and neutral sectors. Assumes manifest left-right symmetric model. Finds $|\theta| < 0.0042$.
- ¹³ ERLER 99 give 90% CL limit on the Z - Z' mixing $-0.0009 < \theta < 0.0017$.
- ¹⁴ ERLER 99 assumes 2 Higgs doublets, transforming as 10 of $SO(10)$, embedded in E_6 .
- ¹⁵ BARENBOIM 98 also gives 68% CL limits on the Z - Z' mixing $-0.0005 < \theta < 0.0033$. Assumes Higgs sector of minimal left-right model.
- ¹⁶ CONRAD 98 limit is from measurements at CCFR, assuming no Z - Z' mixing.
- ¹⁷ VILAIN 94B assume $m_t = 150$ GeV and $\theta = 0$. See Fig. 2 for limit contours in the mass-mixing plane.
- ¹⁸ RIZZO 93 analyses CDF limit on possible two-jet resonances.
- ¹⁹ GRIFOLS 90 limit holds for $m_{\nu_R} \lesssim 1$ MeV. A specific Higgs sector is assumed. See also GRIFOLS 90D, RIZZO 91.
- ²⁰ BARBIERI 89B limit holds for $m_{\nu_R} \leq 10$ MeV. Bounds depend on assumed supernova core temperature.

Limits for Z_χ

Z_χ is the extra neutral boson in $SO(10) \rightarrow SU(5) \times U(1)_\chi$. $g_\chi = e/\cos\theta_W$ is assumed unless otherwise stated. We list limits with the assumption $\rho = 1$ but with no further constraints on the Higgs sector. Values in parentheses assume stronger constraint on the Higgs sector motivated by superstring models. Values in brackets are from cosmological and astrophysical considerations and assume a light right-handed neutrino.

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
>1970	95	¹ AAD	12CC ATLS	$p p, Z'_\chi \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$
>1141	95	² ERLER	09 RVUE	Electroweak

● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●

>1640	95	³ AAD	11AD ATLS	$pp; Z'_\chi \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$
> 900	95	⁴ AAD	11J ATLS	$pp, Z'_\chi \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$
> 930	95	⁵ AALTONEN	11I CDF	$p\bar{p}; Z'_\chi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
> 903	95	⁶ ABAZOV	11A D0	$p\bar{p}, Z'_\chi \rightarrow e^+ e^-$
>1022	95	⁷ DEL-AGUILA	10 RVUE	Electroweak
> 862	95	⁶ AALTONEN	09T CDF	$p\bar{p}, Z'_\chi \rightarrow e^+ e^-$
> 892	95	⁸ AALTONEN	09V CDF	$p\bar{p}; Z'_\chi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
> 822	95	⁶ AALTONEN	07H CDF	Repl. by AALTONEN 09T
> 680	95	SCHAEL	07A ALEP	$e^+ e^-$
> 545	95	⁹ ABDALLAH	06C DLPH	$e^+ e^-$
> 740		⁶ ABULENCIA	06L CDF	Repl. by AALTONEN 07H
> 690	95	¹⁰ ABULENCIA	05A CDF	$p\bar{p}; Z'_\chi \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$
> 781	95	¹¹ ABBIENDI	04G OPAL	$e^+ e^-$
>2100		¹² BARGER	03B COSM	Nucleosynthesis; light ν_R
> 680	95	¹³ CHEUNG	01B RVUE	Electroweak
> 440	95	¹⁴ ABREU	00S DLPH	$e^+ e^-$
> 533	95	¹⁵ BARATE	00I ALEP	Repl. by SCHAEL 07A
> 554	95	¹⁶ CHO	00 RVUE	Electroweak
		¹⁷ ERLER	00 RVUE	Cs
		¹⁸ ROSNER	00 RVUE	Cs
> 545	95	¹⁹ ERLER	99 RVUE	Electroweak
(> 1368)	95	²⁰ ERLER	99 RVUE	Electroweak
> 215	95	²¹ CONRAD	98 RVUE	$\nu_\mu N$ scattering
> 595	95	²² ABE	97S CDF	$p\bar{p}; Z'_\chi \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$
> 190	95	²³ ARIMA	97 VNS	Bhabha scattering
> 262	95	²⁴ VILAIN	94B CHM2	$\nu_\mu e \rightarrow \nu_\mu e; \bar{\nu}_\mu e \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_\mu e$
[>1470]		²⁵ FARAGGI	91 COSM	Nucleosynthesis; light ν_R
> 231	90	²⁶ ABE	90F VNS	$e^+ e^-$
[> 1140]		²⁷ GONZALEZ-G.	90D COSM	Nucleosynthesis; light ν_R
[> 2100]		²⁸ GRIFOLS	90 ASTR	SN 1987A; light ν_R

¹ AAD 12CC search for resonances decaying to $e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$ in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.

² ERLER 09 give 95% CL limit on the Z - Z' mixing $-0.0016 < \theta < 0.0006$.

³ AAD 11AD search for resonances decaying to $e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$ in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.

⁴ AAD 11J search for resonances decaying to $e^+ e^-$ or $\mu^+ \mu^-$ in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.

⁵ AALTONEN 11I search for resonances decaying to $\mu^+ \mu^-$ in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.

⁶ ABAZOV 11A, AALTONEN 09T, AALTONEN 07H, and ABULENCIA 06L search for resonances decaying to $e^+ e^-$ in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.

⁷ DEL-AGUILA 10 give 95% CL limit on the Z - Z' mixing $-0.0011 < \theta < 0.0007$.

⁸ AALTONEN 09V search for resonances decaying to $\mu^+ \mu^-$ in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.

⁹ ABDALLAH 06C give 95% CL limit $|\theta| < 0.0031$. See their Fig. 14 for limit contours in the mass-mixing plane.

¹⁰ ABULENCIA 05A search for resonances decaying to electron or muon pairs in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.

- 11 ABBIENDI 04G give 95% CL limit on Z - Z' mixing $-0.00099 < \theta < 0.00194$. See their Fig. 20 for the limit contour in the mass-mixing plane. $\sqrt{s} = 91$ to 207 GeV.
- 12 BARGER 03B limit is from the nucleosynthesis bound on the effective number of light neutrino $\delta N_\nu < 1$. The quark-hadron transition temperature $T_c=150$ MeV is assumed. The limit with $T_c=400$ MeV is >4300 GeV.
- 13 CHEUNG 01B limit is derived from bounds on contact interactions in a global electroweak analysis.
- 14 ABREU 00S give 95% CL limit on Z - Z' mixing $|\theta| < 0.0017$. See their Fig. 6 for the limit contour in the mass-mixing plane. $\sqrt{s}=90$ to 189 GeV.
- 15 BARATE 00I search for deviations in cross section and asymmetries in $e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ fermions at $\sqrt{s}=90$ to 183 GeV. Assume $\theta=0$. Bounds in the mass-mixing plane are shown in their Figure 18.
- 16 CHO 00 use various electroweak data to constrain Z' models assuming $m_H=100$ GeV. See Fig. 3 for limits in the mass-mixing plane.
- 17 ERLER 00 discuss the possibility that a discrepancy between the observed and predicted values of $Q_W(\text{Cs})$ is due to the exchange of Z' . The data are better described in a certain class of the Z' models including Z_{LR} and Z_χ .
- 18 ROSNER 00 discusses the possibility that a discrepancy between the observed and predicted values of $Q_W(\text{Cs})$ is due to the exchange of Z' . The data are better described in a certain class of the Z' models including Z_χ .
- 19 ERLER 99 give 90% CL limit on the Z - Z' mixing $-0.0020 < \theta < 0.0015$.
- 20 ERLER 99 assumes 2 Higgs doublets, transforming as 10 of $SO(10)$, embedded in E_6 .
- 21 CONRAD 98 limit is from measurements at CCFR, assuming no Z - Z' mixing.
- 22 ABE 97S find $\sigma(Z') \times B(e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-) < 40$ fb for $m_{Z'} > 600$ GeV at $\sqrt{s}=1.8$ TeV.
- 23 Z - Z' mixing is assumed to be zero. $\sqrt{s}=57.77$ GeV.
- 24 VILAIN 94B assume $m_t = 150$ GeV and $\theta=0$. See Fig. 2 for limit contours in the mass-mixing plane.
- 25 FARAGGI 91 limit assumes the nucleosynthesis bound on the effective number of neutrinos $\Delta N_\nu < 0.5$ and is valid for $m_{\nu_R} < 1$ MeV.
- 26 ABE 90F use data for R , $R_{\ell\ell}$, and $A_{\ell\ell}$. ABE 90F fix $m_W = 80.49 \pm 0.43 \pm 0.24$ GeV and $m_Z = 91.13 \pm 0.03$ GeV.
- 27 Assumes the nucleosynthesis bound on the effective number of light neutrinos ($\delta N_\nu < 1$) and that ν_R is light ($\lesssim 1$ MeV).
- 28 GRIFOLS 90 limit holds for $m_{\nu_R} \lesssim 1$ MeV. See also GRIFOLS 90D, RIZZO 91.

Limits for Z_ψ

Z_ψ is the extra neutral boson in $E_6 \rightarrow SO(10) \times U(1)_\psi$. $g_\psi = e/\cos\theta_W$ is assumed unless otherwise stated. We list limits with the assumption $\rho=1$ but with no further constraints on the Higgs sector. Values in brackets are from cosmological and astrophysical considerations and assume a light right-handed neutrino.

<u>VALUE (GeV)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
>2260	95	1 CHATRCHYAN 13AF	CMS	$p p, Z'_\psi \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$
>1790	95	2 AAD	12CC ATLS	$p p, Z'_\psi \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$
>1100	95	3 CHATRCHYAN 120	CMS	$p p, Z'_\psi \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$
> 476	95	4 DEL-AGUILA	10 RVUE	Electroweak

● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●

>2000	95	⁵ CHATRCHYAN 12M	CMS	$pp, Z'_\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-$
>1490	95	⁶ AAD	11AD ATLS	$pp; Z'_\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-$
> 738	95	⁷ AAD	11J ATLS	$pp, Z'_\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-$
> 917	95	⁸ AALTONEN	11I CDF	$p\bar{p}; Z'_\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$
> 891	95	⁹ ABAZOV	11A D0	$p\bar{p}, Z'_\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-$
> 887	95	¹⁰ CHATRCHYAN 11	CMS	$pp, Z'_\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-$
> 851	95	⁹ AALTONEN	09T CDF	$p\bar{p}, Z'_\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-$
> 878	95	¹¹ AALTONEN	09V CDF	$p\bar{p}; Z'_\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$
> 147	95	¹² ERLER	09 RVUE	Electroweak
> 822	95	⁹ AALTONEN	07H CDF	Repl. by AALTONEN 09T
> 410	95	SCHAEL	07A ALEP	e^+e^-
> 475	95	¹³ ABDALLAH	06C DLPH	e^+e^-
> 725		⁹ ABULENCIA	06L CDF	Repl. by AALTONEN 07H
> 675	95	¹⁴ ABULENCIA	05A CDF	$p\bar{p}; Z'_\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-$
> 366	95	¹⁵ ABBIENDI	04G OPAL	e^+e^-
> 600		¹⁶ BARGER	03B COSM	Nucleosynthesis; light ν_R
> 350	95	¹⁷ ABREU	00S DLPH	e^+e^-
> 294	95	¹⁸ BARATE	00I ALEP	Repl. by SCHAEL 07A
> 137	95	¹⁹ CHO	00 RVUE	Electroweak
> 146	95	²⁰ ERLER	99 RVUE	Electroweak
> 54	95	²¹ CONRAD	98 RVUE	$\nu_\mu N$ scattering
> 590	95	²² ABE	97S CDF	$p\bar{p}; Z'_\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-$
> 135	95	²³ VILAIN	94B CHM2	$\nu_\mu e \rightarrow \nu_\mu e; \bar{\nu}_\mu e \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_\mu e$
> 105	90	²⁴ ABE	90F VNS	e^+e^-
[> 160]		²⁵ GONZALEZ-G.	90D COSM	Nucleosynthesis; light ν_R
[> 2000]		²⁶ GRIFOLS	90D ASTR	SN 1987A; light ν_R

¹ CHATRCHYAN 13AF search for resonances decaying to $e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-$ in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV and 8 TeV.

² AAD 12CC search for resonances decaying to $e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-$ in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.

³ CHATRCHYAN 120 search for resonances decaying to $\tau^+\tau^-$ in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.

⁴ DEL-AGUILA 10 give 95% CL limit on the Z - Z' mixing $-0.0019 < \theta < 0.0007$.

⁵ CHATRCHYAN 12M search for resonances decaying to e^+e^- or $\mu^+\mu^-$ in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.

⁶ AAD 11AD search for resonances decaying to $e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-$ in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.

⁷ AAD 11J search for resonances decaying to e^+e^- or $\mu^+\mu^-$ in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.

⁸ AALTONEN 11I search for resonances decaying to $\mu^+\mu^-$ in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.

⁹ ABAZOV 11A, AALTONEN 09T, AALTONEN 07H, and ABULENCIA 06L search for resonances decaying to e^+e^- in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.

¹⁰ CHATRCHYAN 11 search for resonances decaying to e^+e^- or $\mu^+\mu^-$ in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.

¹¹ AALTONEN 09V search for resonances decaying to $\mu^+\mu^-$ in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.

- ¹² ERLER 09 give 95% CL limit on the Z - Z' mixing $-0.0018 < \theta < 0.0009$.
- ¹³ ABDALLAH 06C give 95% CL limit $|\theta| < 0.0027$. See their Fig. 14 for limit contours in the mass-mixing plane.
- ¹⁴ ABULENCIA 05A search for resonances decaying to electron or muon pairs in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.
- ¹⁵ ABBIENDI 04G give 95% CL limit on Z - Z' mixing $-0.00129 < \theta < 0.00258$. See their Fig. 20 for the limit contour in the mass-mixing plane. $\sqrt{s} = 91$ to 207 GeV.
- ¹⁶ BARGER 03B limit is from the nucleosynthesis bound on the effective number of light neutrino $\delta N_\nu < 1$. The quark-hadron transition temperature $T_c=150$ MeV is assumed. The limit with $T_c=400$ MeV is >1100 GeV.
- ¹⁷ ABREU 00S give 95% CL limit on Z - Z' mixing $|\theta| < 0.0018$. See their Fig. 6 for the limit contour in the mass-mixing plane. $\sqrt{s}=90$ to 189 GeV.
- ¹⁸ BARATE 00i search for deviations in cross section and asymmetries in $e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ fermions at $\sqrt{s}=90$ to 183 GeV. Assume $\theta=0$. Bounds in the mass-mixing plane are shown in their Figure 18.
- ¹⁹ CHO 00 use various electroweak data to constrain Z' models assuming $m_H=100$ GeV. See Fig. 3 for limits in the mass-mixing plane.
- ²⁰ ERLER 99 give 90% CL limit on the Z - Z' mixing $-0.0013 < \theta < 0.0024$.
- ²¹ CONRAD 98 limit is from measurements at CCFR, assuming no Z - Z' mixing.
- ²² ABE 97S find $\sigma(Z') \times B(e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-) < 40$ fb for $m_{Z'} > 600$ GeV at $\sqrt{s}=1.8$ TeV.
- ²³ VILAIN 94B assume $m_t = 150$ GeV and $\theta=0$. See Fig. 2 for limit contours in the mass-mixing plane.
- ²⁴ ABE 90F use data for R , $R_{\ell\ell}$, and $A_{\ell\ell}$. ABE 90F fix $m_W = 80.49 \pm 0.43 \pm 0.24$ GeV and $m_Z = 91.13 \pm 0.03$ GeV.
- ²⁵ Assumes the nucleosynthesis bound on the effective number of light neutrinos ($\delta N_\nu < 1$) and that ν_R is light ($\lesssim 1$ MeV).
- ²⁶ GRIFOLS 90D limit holds for $m_{\nu_R} \lesssim 1$ MeV. See also RIZZO 91.

Limits for Z_η

Z_η is the extra neutral boson in E_6 models, corresponding to $Q_\eta = \sqrt{3/8} Q_\chi - \sqrt{5/8} Q_\psi$. $g_\eta = e/\cos\theta_W$ is assumed unless otherwise stated. We list limits with the assumption $\rho = 1$ but with no further constraints on the Higgs sector. Values in parentheses assume stronger constraint on the Higgs sector motivated by superstring models. Values in brackets are from cosmological and astrophysical considerations and assume a light right-handed neutrino.

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
>1870	95	¹ AAD	12CC ATLS	$p\bar{p}, Z'_\eta \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$
> 619	95	² CHO	00 RVUE	Electroweak
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
>1540	95	³ AAD	11AD ATLS	$p\bar{p}; Z'_\eta \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$
> 771	95	⁴ AAD	11J ATLS	$p\bar{p}, Z'_\eta \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$
> 938	95	⁵ AALTONEN	11I CDF	$p\bar{p}; Z'_\eta \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
> 923	95	⁶ ABAZOV	11A D0	$p\bar{p}, Z'_\eta \rightarrow e^+ e^-$
> 488	95	⁷ DEL-AGUILA	10 RVUE	Electroweak
> 877	95	⁶ AALTONEN	09T CDF	$p\bar{p}, Z'_\eta \rightarrow e^+ e^-$
> 904	95	⁸ AALTONEN	09V CDF	$p\bar{p}; Z'_\eta \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
> 427	95	⁹ ERLER	09 RVUE	Electroweak
> 891	95	⁶ AALTONEN	07H CDF	Repl. by AALTONEN 09T
> 350	95	SCHAEL	07A ALEP	$e^+ e^-$

> 360	95	10 ABDALLAH	06C DLPH	$e^+ e^-$
> 745		6 ABULENCIA	06L CDF	Repl. by AALTONEN 07H
> 720	95	11 ABULENCIA	05A CDF	$p\bar{p}; Z'_\eta \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$
> 515	95	12 ABBIENDI	04G OPAL	$e^+ e^-$
>1600		13 BARGER	03B COSM	Nucleosynthesis; light ν_R
> 310	95	14 ABREU	00S DLPH	$e^+ e^-$
> 329	95	15 BARATE	00I ALEP	Repl. by SCHAEEL 07A
> 365	95	16 ERLER	99 RVUE	Electroweak
> 87	95	17 CONRAD	98 RVUE	$\nu_\mu N$ scattering
> 620	95	18 ABE	97S CDF	$p\bar{p}; Z'_\eta \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$
> 100	95	19 VILAIN	94B CHM2	$\nu_\mu e \rightarrow \nu_\mu e; \bar{\nu}_\mu e \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_\mu e$
> 125	90	20 ABE	90F VNS	$e^+ e^-$
[> 820]		21 GONZALEZ-G.	90D COSM	Nucleosynthesis; light ν_R
[> 3300]		22 GRIFOLS	90 ASTR	SN 1987A; light ν_R
[> 1040]		21 LOPEZ	90 COSM	Nucleosynthesis; light ν_R

¹ AAD 12CC search for resonances decaying to $e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$ in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.

² CHO 00 use various electroweak data to constrain Z' models assuming $m_H=100$ GeV. See Fig. 3 for limits in the mass-mixing plane.

³ AAD 11AD search for resonances decaying to $e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$ in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.

⁴ AAD 11J search for resonances decaying to $e^+ e^-$ or $\mu^+ \mu^-$ in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.

⁵ AALTONEN 11I search for resonances decaying to $\mu^+ \mu^-$ in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.

⁶ ABAZOV 11A, AALTONEN 09T, AALTONEN 07H, and ABULENCIA 06L search for resonances decaying to $e^+ e^-$ in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.

⁷ DEL-AGUILA 10 give 95% CL limit on the Z - Z' mixing $-0.0023 < \theta < 0.0027$.

⁸ AALTONEN 09V search for resonances decaying to $\mu^+ \mu^-$ in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.

⁹ ERLER 09 give 95% CL limit on the Z - Z' mixing $-0.0047 < \theta < 0.0021$.

¹⁰ ABDALLAH 06C give 95% CL limit $|\theta| < 0.0092$. See their Fig. 14 for limit contours in the mass-mixing plane.

¹¹ ABULENCIA 05A search for resonances decaying to electron or muon pairs in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.

¹² ABBIENDI 04G give 95% CL limit on Z - Z' mixing $-0.00447 < \theta < 0.00331$. See their Fig. 20 for the limit contour in the mass-mixing plane. $\sqrt{s} = 91$ to 207 GeV.

¹³ BARGER 03B limit is from the nucleosynthesis bound on the effective number of light neutrino $\delta N_\nu < 1$. The quark-hadron transition temperature $T_c=150$ MeV is assumed. The limit with $T_c=400$ MeV is >3300 GeV.

¹⁴ ABREU 00S give 95% CL limit on Z - Z' mixing $|\theta| < 0.0024$. See their Fig. 6 for the limit contour in the mass-mixing plane. $\sqrt{s}=90$ to 189 GeV.

¹⁵ BARATE 00I search for deviations in cross section and asymmetries in $e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ fermions at $\sqrt{s}=90$ to 183 GeV. Assume $\theta=0$. Bounds in the mass-mixing plane are shown in their Figure 18.

¹⁶ ERLER 99 give 90% CL limit on the Z - Z' mixing $-0.0062 < \theta < 0.0011$.

¹⁷ CONRAD 98 limit is from measurements at CCFR, assuming no Z - Z' mixing.

¹⁸ ABE 97S find $\sigma(Z') \times B(e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-) < 40$ fb for $m_{Z'} > 600$ GeV at $\sqrt{s}=1.8$ TeV.

¹⁹ VILAIN 94B assume $m_t = 150$ GeV and $\theta=0$. See Fig. 2 for limit contours in the mass-mixing plane.

²⁰ ABE 90F use data for $R, R_{\ell\ell}$, and $A_{\ell\ell}$. ABE 90F fix $m_W = 80.49 \pm 0.43 \pm 0.24$ GeV and $m_Z = 91.13 \pm 0.03$ GeV.

²¹ These authors claim that the nucleosynthesis bound on the effective number of light neutrinos ($\delta N_\nu < 1$) constrains Z' masses if ν_R is light ($\lesssim 1$ MeV).

²² GRIFOLS 90 limit holds for $m_{\nu_R} \lesssim 1$ MeV. See also GRIFOLS 90D, RIZZO 91.

Limits for other Z'

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
none 500–1740	95	1 AAD 13AI ATLS		$Z' \rightarrow e\mu, e\tau, \mu\tau$
		2 AAD 13AQ ATLS		$Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$
>1320 or 1000–1280	95	3 AAD 13G ATLS		$Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$
> 915	95	3 AALTONEN 13A CDF		$Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$
>1300	95	4 CHATRCHYAN 13AP CMS		$Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$
>2100	95	3 CHATRCHYAN 13BM CMS		$Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$
		5 AAD 12BV ATLS		$Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$
		6 AAD 12K ATLS		$Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$
		7 AALTONEN 12AR CDF		Chromophilic
		8 AALTONEN 12N CDF		$Z' \rightarrow \bar{t}u$
> 835	95	9 ABAZOV 12R D0		$Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$
		10 CHATRCHYAN 12AI CMS		$Z' \rightarrow t\bar{u}$
		11 CHATRCHYAN 12AQ CMS		$Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$
>1490	95	3 CHATRCHYAN 12BL CMS		$Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$
		12 AAD 11H ATLS		$Z' \rightarrow e\mu$
		13 AAD 11Z ATLS		$Z' \rightarrow e\mu$
		14 AALTONEN 11AD CDF		$Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$
		15 AALTONEN 11AE CDF		$Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$
		16 CHATRCHYAN 11O CMS		$pp \rightarrow tt$
		17 AALTONEN 08D CDF		$Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$
		17 AALTONEN 08Y CDF		$Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$
		17 ABAZOV 08AA D0		$Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$
		18 ABULENCIA 06M CDF		$Z' \rightarrow e\mu$
		19 ABAZOV 04A D0		Repl. by ABAZOV 08AA
		20 BARGER 03B COSM		Nucleosynthesis; light ν_R
		21 CHO 00 RVUE		E_6 -motivated
		22 CHO 98 RVUE		E_6 -motivated
		23 ABE 97G CDF		$Z' \rightarrow \bar{q}q$

¹ AAD 13AI search for new particle with lepton flavor violating decay in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. See their Fig. 2 for limits on $\sigma \cdot B$.

² AAD 13AQ search for a leptophobic top-color Z' decaying to $t\bar{t}$. The quoted limit assumes that $\Gamma_{Z'}/m_{Z'} = 0.012$.

³ Search for top-color Z' decaying to $t\bar{t}$. The quoted limit is for $\Gamma_{Z'}/m_{Z'} = 0.012$.

⁴ CHATRCHYAN 13AP search for top-color leptophobic Z' decaying to $t\bar{t}$. The quoted limit is for $\Gamma_{Z'}/m_{Z'} = 0.012$.

⁵ Search for narrow resonance decaying to $t\bar{t}$. See their Fig. 7 for limit on $\sigma \cdot B$.

⁶ Search for narrow resonance decaying to $t\bar{t}$. See their Fig. 5 for limit on $\sigma \cdot B$.

⁷ AALTONEN 12AR search for chromophilic Z' in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV. See their Fig. 5 for limit on $\sigma \cdot B$.

⁸ AALTONEN 12N search for $p\bar{p} \rightarrow tZ'$, $Z' \rightarrow \bar{t}u$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions. See their Fig. 3 for the limit on $\sigma \cdot B$.

- ⁹ ABAZOV 12R search for top-color Z' boson decaying exclusively to $t\bar{t}$. The quoted limit is for $\Gamma_{Z'}/m_{Z'} = 0.012$.
- ¹⁰ CHATRCHYAN 12AI search for $pp \rightarrow tt$ events and give constraints on a Z' model having $Z'\bar{u}t$ coupling. See their Fig. 4 for the limit in mass-coupling plane.
- ¹¹ Search for resonance decaying to $t\bar{t}$. See their Fig. 6 for limit on $\sigma \cdot B$.
- ¹² AAD 11H search for new particle with lepton flavor violating decay in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. See their Fig. 3 for exclusion plot on the production cross section.
- ¹³ AAD 11Z search for new particle with lepton flavor violating decay in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. See their Fig. 3 for limit on $\sigma \cdot B$.
- ¹⁴ Search for narrow resonance decaying to $t\bar{t}$. See their Fig. 4 for limit on $\sigma \cdot B$.
- ¹⁵ Search for narrow resonance decaying to $t\bar{t}$. See their Fig. 3 for limit on $\sigma \cdot B$.
- ¹⁶ CHATRCHYAN 110 search for same-sign top production in pp collisions induced by a hypothetical FCNC Z' at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. See their Fig. 3 for limit in mass-coupling plane.
- ¹⁷ Search for narrow resonance decaying to $t\bar{t}$. See their Fig. 3 for limit on $\sigma \cdot B$.
- ¹⁸ ABULENCIA 06M search for new particle with lepton flavor violating decay at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV. See their Fig. 4 for an exclusion plot on a mass-coupling plane.
- ¹⁹ Search for narrow resonance decaying to $t\bar{t}$. See their Fig. 2 for limit on $\sigma \cdot B$.
- ²⁰ BARGER 03B use the nucleosynthesis bound on the effective number of light neutrino δN_ν . See their Figs. 4–5 for limits in general E_6 motivated models.
- ²¹ CHO 00 use various electroweak data to constrain Z' models assuming $m_H=100$ GeV. See Fig. 2 for limits in general E_6 -motivated models.
- ²² CHO 98 study constraints on four-Fermi contact interactions obtained from low-energy electroweak experiments, assuming no Z - Z' mixing.
- ²³ Search for Z' decaying to dijets at $\sqrt{s}=1.8$ TeV. For Z' with electromagnetic strength coupling, no bound is obtained.

Indirect Constraints on Kaluza-Klein Gauge Bosons

Bounds on a Kaluza-Klein excitation of the Z boson or photon in $d=1$ extra dimension. These bounds can also be interpreted as a lower bound on $1/R$, the size of the extra dimension. Unless otherwise stated, bounds assume all fermions live on a single brane and all gauge fields occupy the $4+d$ -dimensional bulk. See also the section on “Extra Dimensions” in the “Searches” Listings in this *Review*.

VALUE (TeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
> 4.7		1 MUECK	02	RVUE Electroweak
> 3.3	95	2 CORNET	00	RVUE $e\nu qq'$
>5000		3 DELGADO	00	RVUE ϵ_K
> 2.6	95	4 DELGADO	00	RVUE Electroweak
> 3.3	95	5 RIZZO	00	RVUE Electroweak
> 2.9	95	6 MARCIANO	99	RVUE Electroweak
> 2.5	95	7 MASIP	99	RVUE Electroweak
> 1.6	90	8 NATH	99	RVUE Electroweak
> 3.4	95	9 STRUMIA	99	RVUE Electroweak

¹ MUECK 02 limit is 2σ and is from global electroweak fit ignoring correlations among observables. Higgs is assumed to be confined on the brane and its mass is fixed. For scenarios of bulk Higgs, of brane-SU(2)_L, bulk-U(1)_Y, and of bulk-SU(2)_L, brane-U(1)_Y, the corresponding limits are > 4.6 TeV, > 4.3 TeV and > 3.0 TeV, respectively.

² Bound is derived from limits on $e\nu qq'$ contact interaction, using data from HERA and the Tevatron.

³ Bound holds only if first two generations of quarks lives on separate branes. If quark mixing is not complex, then bound lowers to 400 TeV from Δm_K .

⁴ See Figs. 1 and 2 of DELGADO 00 for several model variations. Special boundary conditions can be found which permit KK states down to 950 GeV and that agree with the measurement of $Q_W(C_s)$. Quoted bound assumes all Higgs bosons confined to brane; placing one Higgs doublet in the bulk lowers bound to 2.3 TeV.

⁵ Bound is derived from global electroweak analysis assuming the Higgs field is trapped on the matter brane. If the Higgs propagates in the bulk, the bound increases to 3.8 TeV.

⁶ Bound is derived from global electroweak analysis but considering only presence of the KK W bosons.

⁷ Global electroweak analysis used to obtain bound independent of position of Higgs on brane or in bulk.

⁸ Bounds from effect of KK states on G_F , α , M_W , and M_Z . Hard cutoff at string scale determined using gauge coupling unification. Limits for $d=2,3,4$ rise to 3.5, 5.7, and 7.8 TeV.

⁹ Bound obtained for Higgs confined to the matter brane with $m_H=500$ GeV. For Higgs in the bulk, the bound increases to 3.5 TeV.

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MASS LIMITS for Leptoquarks from Pair Production

These limits rely only on the color or electroweak charge of the leptoquark.

<u>VALUE (GeV)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
>534	95	1 AAD	13AE ATLS	Third generation
>525	95	2 CHATRCHYAN13M	CMS	Third generation
>660	95	3 AAD	12H ATLS	First generation
>830	95	4 CHATRCHYAN12AG	CMS	First generation
>840	95	5 CHATRCHYAN12AG	CMS	Second generation
>422	95	6 AAD	11D ATLS	Second generation
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
>685	95	7 AAD	120 ATLS	Second generation
>450	95	8 CHATRCHYAN12BO	CMS	Third generation
>376	95	9 AAD	11D ATLS	First generation
>326	95	10 ABAZOV	11V D0	First generation
>339	95	11 CHATRCHYAN11N	CMS	First generation
>384	95	12 KHACHATRY...11D	CMS	First generation
>394	95	13 KHACHATRY...11E	CMS	Second generation
>247	95	14 ABAZOV	10L D0	Third generation
>316	95	15 ABAZOV	09 D0	Second generation
>299	95	16 ABAZOV	09AF D0	First generation
		17 AALTONEN	08P CDF	Third generation
>153	95	18 AALTONEN	08Z CDF	Third generation
>205	95	19 ABAZOV	08AD D0	All generations
>210	95	18 ABAZOV	08AN D0	Third generation
>229	95	20 ABAZOV	07J D0	Third generation
>251	95	21 ABAZOV	06A D0	Superseded by ABAZOV 09
>136	95	22 ABAZOV	06L D0	Superseded by ABAZOV 08AD
>226	95	23 ABULENCIA	06T CDF	Second generation
>256	95	24 ABAZOV	05H D0	First generation
>117	95	19 ACOSTA	05I CDF	First generation
>236	95	25 ACOSTA	05P CDF	First generation
> 99	95	26 ABBIENDI	03R OPAL	First generation
>100	95	26 ABBIENDI	03R OPAL	Second generation

> 98	95	26	ABBIENDI	03R	OPAL	Third generation
> 98	95	27	ABAZOV	02	D0	All generations
>225	95	28	ABAZOV	01D	D0	First generation
> 85.8	95	29	ABBIENDI	00M	OPAL	Superseded by ABBIENDI 03R
> 85.5	95	29	ABBIENDI	00M	OPAL	Superseded by ABBIENDI 03R
> 82.7	95	29	ABBIENDI	00M	OPAL	Superseded by ABBIENDI 03R
>200	95	30	ABBOTT	00C	D0	Second generation
>123	95	31	AFFOLDER	00K	CDF	Second generation
>148	95	32	AFFOLDER	00K	CDF	Third generation
>160	95	33	ABBOTT	99J	D0	Second generation
>225	95	34	ABBOTT	98E	D0	First generation
> 94	95	35	ABBOTT	98J	D0	Third generation
>202	95	36	ABE	98S	CDF	Second generation
>242	95	37	GROSS-PILCH.	98		First generation
> 99	95	38	ABE	97F	CDF	Third generation
>213	95	39	ABE	97X	CDF	First generation
> 45.5	95	40,41	ABREU	93J	DLPH	First + second generation
> 44.4	95	42	ADRIANI	93M	L3	First generation
> 44.5	95	42	ADRIANI	93M	L3	Second generation
> 45	95	42	DECAMP	92	ALEP	Third generation
none 8.9–22.6	95	43	KIM	90	AMY	First generation
none 10.2–23.2	95	43	KIM	90	AMY	Second generation
none 5–20.8	95	44	BARTEL	87B	JADE	
none 7–20.5	95	45	BEHREND	86B	CELL	

¹ AAD 13AE search for scalar leptoquarks using $\tau\tau bb$ events in pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(\tau b) = 1$.

² CHATRCHYAN 13M search for scalar and vector leptoquarks decaying to τb in pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. The limit above is for scalar leptoquarks with $B(\tau b) = 1$.

³ AAD 12H search for scalar leptoquarks using $eejj$ and $e\nu jj$ events in pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(eq) = 1$. For $B(eq) = 0.5$, the limit becomes 607 GeV.

⁴ CHATRCHYAN 12AG search for scalar leptoquarks using $eejj$ and $e\nu jj$ events in pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(eq) = 1$. For $B(eq) = 0.5$, the limit becomes 640 GeV.

⁵ CHATRCHYAN 12AG search for scalar leptoquarks using $\mu j u jj$ and $\mu \nu jj$ events in pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(\mu q) = 1$. For $B(\mu q) = 0.5$, the limit becomes 650 GeV.

⁶ AAD 11D search for scalar leptoquarks using $\mu \mu jj$ and $\mu \nu jj$ events in pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(\mu q) = 1$. For $B(\mu q) = 0.5$, the limit becomes 362 GeV.

⁷ AAD 12O search for scalar leptoquarks using $\mu \mu jj$ and $\mu \nu jj$ events in pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(\mu q) = 1$. For $B(\mu q) = 0.5$, the limit becomes 594 GeV.

⁸ CHATRCHYAN 12BO search for scalar leptoquarks decaying to νb in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(\nu b) = 1$.

⁹ AAD 11D search for scalar leptoquarks using $eejj$ and $e\nu jj$ events in pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(eq) = 1$. For $B(eq) = 0.5$, the limit becomes 319 GeV.

¹⁰ ABAZOV 11V search for scalar leptoquarks using $e\nu jj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(eq) = 0.5$.

¹¹ CHATRCHYAN 11N search for scalar leptoquarks using $e\nu jj$ events in pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(eq) = 0.5$.

¹² KHACHATRYAN 11D search for scalar leptoquarks using $eejj$ events in pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(eq) = 1$.

- 13 KHACHATRYAN 11E search for scalar leptoquarks using $\mu\mu jj$ events in pp collisions at $E_{cm} = 7$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(\mu q) = 1$.
- 14 ABAZOV 10L search for pair productions of scalar leptoquark state decaying to νb in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.96$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(\nu b) = 1$.
- 15 ABAZOV 09 search for scalar leptoquarks using $\mu\mu jj$ and $\mu\nu jj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.96$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(\mu q) = 1$. For $B(\mu q) = 0.5$, the limit becomes 270 GeV.
- 16 ABAZOV 09AF search for scalar leptoquarks using $e e jj$ and $e\nu jj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.96$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(eq) = 1$. For $B(eq) = 0.5$ the bound becomes 284 GeV.
- 17 AALTONEN 08P search for vector leptoquarks using $\tau^+ \tau^- b\bar{b}$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.96$ TeV. Assuming Yang-Mills (minimal) couplings, the mass limit is >317 GeV (251 GeV) at 95% CL for $B(\tau b) = 1$.
- 18 Search for pair production of scalar leptoquark state decaying to τb in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.96$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(\tau b) = 1$.
- 19 Search for scalar leptoquarks using $\nu\nu jj$ events in $\bar{p}p$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.96$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(\nu q) = 1$.
- 20 ABAZOV 07J search for pair productions of scalar leptoquark state decaying to νb in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.96$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(\nu b) = 1$.
- 21 ABAZOV 06A search for scalar leptoquarks using $\mu\mu jj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.8$ TeV and 1.96 TeV. The limit above assumes $B(\mu q) = 1$. For $B(\mu q) = 0.5$, the limit becomes 204 GeV.
- 22 ABAZOV 06L search for scalar leptoquarks using $\nu\nu jj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.8$ TeV and at 1.96 TeV. The limit above assumes $B(\nu q) = 1$.
- 23 ABULENCIA 06T search for scalar leptoquarks using $\mu\mu jj$, $\mu\nu jj$, and $\nu\nu jj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.96$ TeV. The quoted limit assumes $B(\mu q) = 1$. For $B(\mu q) = 0.5$ or 0.1, the bound becomes 208 GeV or 143 GeV, respectively. See their Fig. 4 for the exclusion limit as a function of $B(\mu q)$.
- 24 ABAZOV 05H search for scalar leptoquarks using $e e jj$ and $e\nu jj$ events in $\bar{p}p$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.8$ TeV and 1.96 TeV. The limit above assumes $B(eq) = 1$. For $B(eq) = 0.5$ the bound becomes 234 GeV.
- 25 ACOSTA 05P search for scalar leptoquarks using $e e jj$, $e\nu jj$ events in $\bar{p}p$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.96$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(eq) = 1$. For $B(eq) = 0.5$ and 0.1, the bound becomes 205 GeV and 145 GeV, respectively.
- 26 ABBIENDI 03R search for scalar/vector leptoquarks in $e^+ e^-$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 189-209$ GeV. The quoted limits are for charge $-4/3$ isospin 0 scalar-leptoquark with $B(\ell q) = 1$. See their table 12 for other cases.
- 27 ABAZOV 02 search for scalar leptoquarks using $\nu\nu jj$ events in $\bar{p}p$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.8$ TeV. The bound holds for all leptoquark generations. Vector leptoquarks are likewise constrained to lie above 200 GeV.
- 28 ABAZOV 01D search for scalar leptoquarks using $e\nu jj$, $e e jj$, and $\nu\nu jj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.8$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(eq) = 1$. For $B(eq) = 0.5$ and 0, the bound becomes 204 and 79 GeV, respectively. Bounds for vector leptoquarks are also given. Supersedes ABBOTT 98E.
- 29 ABBIENDI 00M search for scalar/vector leptoquarks in $e^+ e^-$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 183$ GeV. The quoted limits are for charge $-4/3$ isospin 0 scalar-leptoquarks with $B(\ell q) = 1$. See their Table 8 and Figs. 6-9 for other cases.
- 30 ABBOTT 00C search for scalar leptoquarks using $\mu\mu jj$, $\mu\nu jj$, and $\nu\nu jj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.8$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(\mu q) = 1$. For $B(\mu q) = 0.5$ and 0, the bound becomes 180 and 79 GeV respectively. Bounds for vector leptoquarks are also given.
- 31 AFFOLDER 00K search for scalar leptoquark using $\nu\nu cc$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.8$ TeV. The quoted limit assumes $B(\nu c) = 1$. Bounds for vector leptoquarks are also given.
- 32 AFFOLDER 00K search for scalar leptoquark using $\nu\nu bb$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.8$ TeV. The quoted limit assumes $B(\nu b) = 1$. Bounds for vector leptoquarks are also given.

- 33 ABBOTT 99J search for leptoquarks using $\mu\nu jj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.8\text{TeV}$. The quoted limit is for a scalar leptoquark with $B(\mu q) = B(\nu q) = 0.5$. Limits on vector leptoquarks range from 240 to 290 GeV.
- 34 ABBOTT 98E search for scalar leptoquarks using $e\nu jj$, $eejj$, and $\nu\nu jj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.8\text{TeV}$. The limit above assumes $B(eq) = 1$. For $B(eq) = 0.5$ and 0, the bound becomes 204 and 79 GeV, respectively.
- 35 ABBOTT 98J search for charge $-1/3$ third generation scalar and vector leptoquarks in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.8\text{TeV}$. The quoted limit is for scalar leptoquark with $B(\nu b) = 1$.
- 36 ABE 98S search for scalar leptoquarks using $\mu\mu jj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.8\text{TeV}$. The limit is for $B(\mu q) = 1$. For $B(\mu q) = B(\nu q) = 0.5$, the limit is $> 160\text{GeV}$.
- 37 GROSS-PILCHER 98 is the combined limit of the CDF and DØ Collaborations as determined by a joint CDF/DØ working group and reported in this FNAL Technical Memo. Original data published in ABE 97X and ABBOTT 98E.
- 38 ABE 97F search for third generation scalar and vector leptoquarks in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.8\text{TeV}$. The quoted limit is for scalar leptoquark with $B(\tau b) = 1$.
- 39 ABE 97X search for scalar leptoquarks using $eejj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.8\text{TeV}$. The limit is for $B(eq) = 1$.
- 40 Limit is for charge $-1/3$ isospin-0 leptoquark with $B(\ell q) = 2/3$.
- 41 First and second generation leptoquarks are assumed to be degenerate. The limit is slightly lower for each generation.
- 42 Limits are for charge $-1/3$, isospin-0 scalar leptoquarks decaying to $\ell^- q$ or νq with any branching ratio. See paper for limits for other charge-isospin assignments of leptoquarks.
- 43 KIM 90 assume pair production of charge $2/3$ scalar-leptoquark via photon exchange. The decay of the first (second) generation leptoquark is assumed to be any mixture of $d e^+$ and $u\bar{\nu}$ ($s\mu^+$ and $c\bar{\nu}$). See paper for limits for specific branching ratios.
- 44 BARTEL 87B limit is valid when a pair of charge $2/3$ spinless leptoquarks X is produced with point coupling, and when they decay under the constraint $B(X \rightarrow c\bar{\nu}_\mu) + B(X \rightarrow s\mu^+) = 1$.
- 45 BEHREND 86B assumed that a charge $2/3$ spinless leptoquark, χ , decays either into $s\mu^+$ or $c\bar{\nu}$: $B(\chi \rightarrow s\mu^+) + B(\chi \rightarrow c\bar{\nu}) = 1$.

MASS LIMITS for Leptoquarks from Single Production

These limits depend on the q - ℓ -leptoquark coupling g_{LQ} . It is often assumed that $g_{LQ}^2/4\pi = 1/137$. Limits shown are for a scalar, weak isoscalar, charge $-1/3$ leptoquark.

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
>304	95	1 ABRAMOWICZ12A	ZEUS	First generation
> 73	95	2 ABREU 93J	DLPH	Second generation
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
>300	95	3 AARON 11A	H1	Lepton-flavor violation
		4 AARON 11B	H1	First generation
		5 ABAZOV 07E	D0	Second generation
>295	95	6 AKTAS 05B	H1	First generation
		7 CHEKANOV 05A	ZEUS	Lepton-flavor violation
>298	95	8 CHEKANOV 03B	ZEUS	First generation
>197	95	9 ABBIENDI 02B	OPAL	First generation
		10 CHEKANOV 02	ZEUS	Repl. by CHEKANOV 05A

>290	95	11 ADLOFF	01C H1	First generation
>204	95	12 BREITWEG	01 ZEUS	First generation
		13 BREITWEG	00E ZEUS	First generation
>161	95	14 ABREU	99G DLPH	First generation
>200	95	15 ADLOFF	99 H1	First generation
		16 DERRICK	97 ZEUS	Lepton-flavor violation
>168	95	17 DERRICK	93 ZEUS	First generation

¹ ABRAMOWICZ 12A limit is for a scalar, weak isoscalar, charge $-1/3$ leptoquark coupled with e_R . See their Figs. 12–17 and Table 4 for states with different quantum numbers.

² Limit from single production in Z decay. The limit is for a leptoquark coupling of electromagnetic strength and assumes $B(\ell q) = 2/3$. The limit is 77 GeV if first and second leptoquarks are degenerate.

³ AARON 11A search for various leptoquarks with lepton-flavor violating couplings. See their Figs. 2–3 and Tables 1–4 for detailed limits.

⁴ The quoted limit is for a scalar, weak isoscalar, charge $-1/3$ leptoquark coupled with e_R . See their Figs. 3–5 for limits on states with different quantum numbers.

⁵ ABAZOV 07E search for leptoquark single production through qg fusion process in $p\bar{p}$ collisions. See their Fig. 4 for exclusion plot in mass-coupling plane.

⁶ AKTAS 05B limit is for a scalar, weak isoscalar, charge $-1/3$ leptoquark coupled with e_R . See their Fig. 3 for limits on states with different quantum numbers.

⁷ CHEKANOV 05 search for various leptoquarks with lepton-flavor violating couplings. See their Figs. 6–10 and Tables 1–8 for detailed limits.

⁸ CHEKANOV 03B limit is for a scalar, weak isoscalar, charge $-1/3$ leptoquark coupled with e_R . See their Figs. 11–12 and Table 5 for limits on states with different quantum numbers.

⁹ For limits on states with different quantum numbers and the limits in the mass-coupling plane, see their Fig. 4 and Fig. 5.

¹⁰ CHEKANOV 02 search for various leptoquarks with lepton-flavor violating couplings. See their Figs. 6–7 and Tables 5–6 for detailed limits.

¹¹ For limits on states with different quantum numbers and the limits in the mass-coupling plane, see their Fig. 3.

¹² See their Fig. 14 for limits in the mass-coupling plane.

¹³ BREITWEG 00E search for $F=0$ leptoquarks in e^+p collisions. For limits in mass-coupling plane, see their Fig. 11.

¹⁴ ABREU 99G limit obtained from process $e\gamma \rightarrow LQ+q$. For limits on vector and scalar states with different quantum numbers and the limits in the coupling-mass plane, see their Fig. 4 and Table 2.

¹⁵ For limits on states with different quantum numbers and the limits in the mass-coupling plane, see their Fig. 13 and Fig. 14. ADLOFF 99 also search for leptoquarks with lepton-flavor violating couplings. ADLOFF 99 supersedes AID 96B.

¹⁶ DERRICK 97 search for various leptoquarks with lepton-flavor violating couplings. See their Figs. 5–8 and Table 1 for detailed limits.

¹⁷ DERRICK 93 search for single leptoquark production in ep collisions with the decay eq and νq . The limit is for leptoquark coupling of electromagnetic strength and assumes $B(eq) = B(\nu q) = 1/2$. The limit for $B(eq) = 1$ is 176 GeV. For limits on states with different quantum numbers, see their Table 3.

Indirect Limits for Leptoquarks

VALUE (TeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
		1 SAKAKI	13 RVUE	$B \rightarrow D^{(*)} \tau \bar{\nu}, B \rightarrow X_S \nu \bar{\nu}$
		2 KOSNIK	12 RVUE	$b \rightarrow s \ell^+ \ell^-$
>	2.5	95 3 AARON	11C H1	First generation
		4 DORSNER	11 RVUE	scalar, weak singlet, charge 4/3
		5 AKTAS	07A H1	Lepton-flavor violation
>	0.49	95 6 SCHAEEL	07A ALEP	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow q \bar{q}$
		7 SMIRNOV	07 RVUE	$K \rightarrow e \mu, B \rightarrow e \tau$
		8 CHEKANOV	05A ZEUS	Lepton-flavor violation
>	1.7	96 9 ADLOFF	03 H1	First generation
>	46	90 10 CHANG	03 BELL	Pati-Salam type
		11 CHEKANOV	02 ZEUS	Repl. by CHEKANOV 05A
>	1.7	95 12 CHEUNG	01B RVUE	First generation
>	0.39	95 13 ACCIARRI	00P L3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow q \bar{q}$
>	1.5	95 14 ADLOFF	00 H1	First generation
>	0.2	95 15 BARATE	00I ALEP	Repl. by SCHAEEL 07A
		16 BARGER	00 RVUE	Cs
		17 GABRIELLI	00 RVUE	Lepton flavor violation
>	0.74	95 18 ZARNECKI	00 RVUE	S_1 leptoquark
		19 ABBIENDI	99 OPAL	
>	19.3	95 20 ABE	98V CDF	$B_s \rightarrow e^\pm \mu^\mp$, Pati-Salam type
		21 ACCIARRI	98J L3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow q \bar{q}$
		22 ACKERSTAFF	98V OPAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow q \bar{q}, e^+ e^- \rightarrow b \bar{b}$
>	0.76	95 23 DEANDREA	97 RVUE	\tilde{R}_2 leptoquark
		24 DERRICK	97 ZEUS	Lepton-flavor violation
		25 GROSSMAN	97 RVUE	$B \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^- (X)$
		26 JADACH	97 RVUE	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow q \bar{q}$
>1200		27 KUZNETSOV	95B RVUE	Pati-Salam type
		28 MIZUKOSHI	95 RVUE	Third generation scalar leptoquark
>	0.3	95 29 BHATTACH...	94 RVUE	Spin-0 leptoquark coupled to $\bar{e}_R t_L$
		30 DAVIDSON	94 RVUE	
>	18	31 KUZNETSOV	94 RVUE	Pati-Salam type
>	0.43	95 32 LEURER	94 RVUE	First generation spin-1 leptoquark
>	0.44	95 32 LEURER	94B RVUE	First generation spin-0 leptoquark
		33 MAHANTA	94 RVUE	P and T violation
>	1	34 SHANKER	82 RVUE	Nonchiral spin-0 leptoquark
>	125	34 SHANKER	82 RVUE	Nonchiral spin-1 leptoquark

¹ SAKAKI 13 explain the $B \rightarrow D^{(*)} \tau \bar{\nu}$ anomaly using Wilson coefficients of leptoquark-induced four-fermion operators.

² KOSNIK 12 obtains limits on leptoquark induced four-fermion interactions from $b \rightarrow s \ell^+ \ell^-$ decays.

³ AARON 11C limit is for weak isotriplet spin-0 leptoquark at strong coupling $\lambda = \sqrt{4\pi}$. For the limits of leptoquarks with different quantum numbers, see their Table 3. Limits are derived from bounds of $e q$ contact interactions.

⁴ DORSNER 11 give bounds on scalar, weak singlet, charge 4/3 leptoquark from K, B, τ decays, meson mixings, $LFV, g-2$ and $Z \rightarrow b \bar{b}$.

⁵ AKTAS 07A search for lepton-flavor violation in $e p$ collision. See their Tables 4–7 for limits on lepton-flavor violating four-fermion interactions induced by various leptoquarks.

- ⁶ SCHAEEL 07A limit is for the weak-isoscalar spin-0 left-handed leptoquark with the coupling of electromagnetic strength. For the limits of leptoquarks with different quantum numbers, see their Table 35.
- ⁷ SMIRNOV 07 obtains mass limits for the vector and scalar chiral leptoquark states from $K \rightarrow e\mu$, $B \rightarrow e\tau$ decays.
- ⁸ CHEKANOV 05 search for various leptoquarks with lepton-flavor violating couplings. See their Figs.6–10 and Tables 1–8 for detailed limits.
- ⁹ ADLOFF 03 limit is for the weak isotriplet spin-0 leptoquark at strong coupling $\lambda=\sqrt{4\pi}$. For the limits of leptoquarks with different quantum numbers, see their Table 3. Limits are derived from bounds on $e^\pm q$ contact interactions.
- ¹⁰ The bound is derived from $B(B^0 \rightarrow e^\pm \mu^\mp) < 1.7 \times 10^{-7}$.
- ¹¹ CHEKANOV 02 search for lepton-flavor violation in ep collisions. See their Tables 1–4 for limits on lepton-flavor violating and four-fermion interactions induced by various leptoquarks.
- ¹² CHEUNG 01B quoted limit is for a scalar, weak isoscalar, charge $-1/3$ leptoquark with a coupling of electromagnetic strength. The limit is derived from bounds on contact interactions in a global electroweak analysis. For the limits of leptoquarks with different quantum numbers, see Table 5.
- ¹³ ACCIARRI 00P limit is for the weak isoscalar spin-0 leptoquark with the coupling of electromagnetic strength. For the limits of leptoquarks with different quantum numbers, see their Table 4.
- ¹⁴ ADLOFF 00 limit is for the weak isotriplet spin-0 leptoquark at strong coupling, $\lambda=\sqrt{4\pi}$. For the limits of leptoquarks with different quantum numbers, see their Table 2. ADLOFF 00 limits are from the Q^2 spectrum measurement of $e^+ p \rightarrow e^+ X$.
- ¹⁵ BARATE 00i search for deviations in cross section and jet-charge asymmetry in $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \bar{q}q$ due to t -channel exchange of a leptoquark at $\sqrt{s}=130$ to 183 GeV. Limits for other scalar and vector leptoquarks are also given in their Table 22.
- ¹⁶ BARGER 00 explain the deviation of atomic parity violation in cesium atoms from prediction is explained by scalar leptoquark exchange.
- ¹⁷ GABRIELLI 00 calculate various process with lepton flavor violation in leptoquark models.
- ¹⁸ ZARNECKI 00 limit is derived from data of HERA, LEP, and Tevatron and from various low-energy data including atomic parity violation. Leptoquark coupling with electromagnetic strength is assumed.
- ¹⁹ ABBIENDI 99 limits are from $e^+ e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ cross section at 130–136, 161–172, 183 GeV. See their Fig. 8 and Fig. 9 for limits in mass-coupling plane.
- ²⁰ ABE 98v quoted limit is from $B(B_s \rightarrow e^\pm \mu^\mp) < 8.2 \times 10^{-6}$. ABE 98v also obtain a similar limit on $M_{LQ} > 20.4$ TeV from $B(B_d \rightarrow e^\pm \mu^\mp) < 4.5 \times 10^{-6}$. Both bounds assume the non-canonical association of the b quark with electrons or muons under SU(4).
- ²¹ ACCIARRI 98J limit is from $e^+ e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ cross section at $\sqrt{s}=130$ –172 GeV which can be affected by the t - and u -channel exchanges of leptoquarks. See their Fig. 4 and Fig. 5 for limits in the mass-coupling plane.
- ²² ACKERSTAFF 98v limits are from $e^+ e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ and $e^+ e^- \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ cross sections at $\sqrt{s}=130$ –172 GeV, which can be affected by the t - and u -channel exchanges of leptoquarks. See their Fig. 21 and Fig. 22 for limits of leptoquarks in mass-coupling plane.
- ²³ DEANDREA 97 limit is for \tilde{R}_2 leptoquark obtained from atomic parity violation (APV). The coupling of leptoquark is assumed to be electromagnetic strength. See Table 2 for limits of the four-fermion interactions induced by various scalar leptoquark exchange. DEANDREA 97 combines APV limit and limits from Tevatron and HERA. See Fig. 1–4 for combined limits of leptoquark in mass-coupling plane.
- ²⁴ DERRICK 97 search for lepton-flavor violation in ep collision. See their Tables 2–5 for limits on lepton-flavor violating four-fermion interactions induced by various leptoquarks.
- ²⁵ GROSSMAN 97 estimate the upper bounds on the branching fraction $B \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^- (X)$ from the absence of the B decay with large missing energy. These bounds can be used to constrain leptoquark induced four-fermion interactions.

- 26 JADACH 97 limit is from $e^+e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ cross section at $\sqrt{s}=172.3$ GeV which can be affected by the t - and u -channel exchanges of leptoquarks. See their Fig. 1 for limits on vector leptoquarks in mass-coupling plane.
- 27 KUZNETSOV 95B use π , K , B , τ decays and μe conversion and give a list of bounds on the leptoquark mass and the fermion mixing matrix in the Pati-Salam model. The quoted limit is from $K_L \rightarrow \mu e$ decay assuming zero mixing.
- 28 MIZUKOSHI 95 calculate the one-loop radiative correction to the Z -physics parameters in various scalar leptoquark models. See their Fig. 4 for the exclusion plot of third generation leptoquark models in mass-coupling plane.
- 29 BHATTACHARYYA 94 limit is from one-loop radiative correction to the leptonic decay width of the Z . $m_H=250$ GeV, $\alpha_s(m_Z)=0.12$, $m_t=180$ GeV, and the electroweak strength of leptoquark coupling are assumed. For leptoquark coupled to $\bar{e}_L t_R$, $\bar{\mu} t$, and $\bar{\tau} t$, see Fig. 2 in BHATTACHARYYA 94B erratum and Fig. 3.
- 30 DAVIDSON 94 gives an extensive list of the bounds on leptoquark-induced four-fermion interactions from π , K , D , B , μ , τ decays and meson mixings, *etc.* See Table 15 of DAVIDSON 94 for detail.
- 31 KUZNETSOV 94 gives mixing independent bound of the Pati-Salam leptoquark from the cosmological limit on $\pi^0 \rightarrow \bar{\nu}\nu$.
- 32 LEURER 94, LEURER 94B limits are obtained from atomic parity violation and apply to any chiral leptoquark which couples to the first generation with electromagnetic strength. For a nonchiral leptoquark, universality in $\pi_{\ell 2}$ decay provides a much more stringent bound.
- 33 MAHANTA 94 gives bounds of P - and T -violating scalar-leptoquark couplings from atomic and molecular experiments.
- 34 From $(\pi \rightarrow e\nu)/(\pi \rightarrow \mu\nu)$ ratio. SHANKER 82 assumes the leptoquark induced four-fermion coupling $4g^2/M^2 (\bar{\nu}_{eL} u_R) (\bar{d}_L e_R)$ with $g=0.004$ for spin-0 leptoquark and $g^2/M^2 (\bar{\nu}_{eL} \gamma_\mu u_L) (\bar{d}_R \gamma^\mu e_R)$ with $g \simeq 0.6$ for spin-1 leptoquark.

MASS LIMITS for Diquarks

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
>3750	95	¹ CHATRCHYAN 13A	CMS	E_6 diquark
none 1000–4280	95	² CHATRCHYAN 13AS	CMS	E_6 diquark
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, <i>etc.</i> ● ● ●				
>3520	95	³ CHATRCHYAN 11Y	CMS	E_6 diquark
none 970–1080, 1450–1600	95	⁴ KHACHATRYAN 10	CMS	E_6 diquark
none 290–630	95	⁵ AALTONEN 09AC	CDF	E_6 diquark
none 290–420	95	⁶ ABE 97G	CDF	E_6 diquark
none 15–31.7	95	⁷ ABREU 940	DLPH	SUSY E_6 diquark

¹ CHATRCHYAN 13A search for new resonance decaying to dijets in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.

² CHATRCHYAN 13AS search for new resonance decaying to dijets in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV.

³ CHATRCHYAN 11Y search for new resonance decaying to dijets in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.

⁴ KHACHATRYAN 10 search for new resonance decaying to dijets in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.

⁵ AALTONEN 09AC search for new narrow resonance decaying to dijets.

⁶ ABE 97G search for new particle decaying to dijets.

⁷ ABREU 940 limit is from $e^+e^- \rightarrow \bar{c}cs$. Range extends up to 43 GeV if diquarks are degenerate in mass.

MASS LIMITS for g_A (axigluon) and Other Color-Octet Gauge Bosons

Axigluons are massive color-octet gauge bosons in chiral color models and have axial-vector coupling to quarks with the same coupling strength as gluons.

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
>3360	95	¹ CHATRCHYAN 13A	CMS	$pp \rightarrow g_A X, g_A \rightarrow 2 \text{ jets}$
none 1000–3270	95	² CHATRCHYAN 13AS	CMS	$pp \rightarrow g_A X, g_A \rightarrow 2 \text{ jets}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
		³ AALTONEN 13R	CDF	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow g_A X, g_A \rightarrow \sigma\sigma, \sigma \rightarrow 2 \text{ jets}$
none 250–740	95	⁴ CHATRCHYAN 13AU	CMS	$pp \rightarrow 2g_A X, g_A \rightarrow 2 \text{ jets}$
> 775	95	⁵ ABAZOV 12R	D0	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow g_A X, g_A \rightarrow t\bar{t}$
>2470	95	⁶ CHATRCHYAN 11Y	CMS	$pp \rightarrow g_A X, g_A \rightarrow 2 \text{ jets}$
		⁷ AALTONEN 10L	CDF	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow g_A X, g_A \rightarrow t\bar{t}$
none 1470–1520	95	⁸ KHACHATRYAN...10	CMS	$pp \rightarrow g_A X, g_A \rightarrow 2 \text{ jets}$
none 260–1250	95	⁹ AALTONEN 09AC	CDF	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow g_A X, g_A \rightarrow 2 \text{ jets}$
> 910	95	¹⁰ CHOUDHURY 07	RVUE	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow t\bar{t} X$
> 365	95	¹¹ DONCHESKI 98	RVUE	$\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \text{hadron})$
none 200–980	95	¹² ABE 97G	CDF	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow g_A X, g_A \rightarrow 2 \text{ jets}$
none 200–870	95	¹³ ABE 95N	CDF	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow g_A X, g_A \rightarrow q\bar{q}$
none 240–640	95	¹⁴ ABE 93G	CDF	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow g_A X, g_A \rightarrow 2 \text{ jets}$
> 50	95	¹⁵ CUYPERS 91	RVUE	$\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons})$
none 120–210	95	¹⁶ ABE 90H	CDF	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow g_A X, g_A \rightarrow 2 \text{ jets}$
> 29		¹⁷ ROBINETT 89	THEO	Partial-wave unitarity
none 150–310	95	¹⁸ ALBAJAR 88B	UA1	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow g_A X, g_A \rightarrow 2 \text{ jets}$
> 20		BERGSTROM 88	RVUE	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow \gamma X \text{ via } g_A g$
> 9		¹⁹ CUYPERS 88	RVUE	$\gamma \text{ decay}$
> 25		²⁰ DONCHESKI 88B	RVUE	$\gamma \text{ decay}$

¹ CHATRCHYAN 13A search for new resonance decaying to dijets in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.

² CHATRCHYAN 13AS search for new resonance decaying to dijets in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV.

³ AALTONEN 13R search for new resonance decaying to $\sigma\sigma$, with hypothetical strongly interacting σ particle subsequently decaying to 2 jets, in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV, using data corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 6.6 fb^{-1} . For $50 \text{ GeV} < m_\sigma < m_{g_A}/2$, axigluons in mass range 150–400 GeV are excluded.

⁴ CHATRCHYAN 13AU search for the pair produced color-octet vector bosons decaying to $q\bar{q}$ pairs in pp collisions. The quoted limit is for $B(g_A \rightarrow q\bar{q}) = 1$.

⁵ ABAZOV 12R search for massive color octet vector particle decaying to $t\bar{t}$. The quoted limit assumes g_A couplings with light quarks are suppressed by 0.2.

⁶ CHATRCHYAN 11Y search for new resonance decaying to dijets in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.

⁷ AALTONEN 10L search for massive color octet non-chiral vector particle decaying into $t\bar{t}$ pair with mass in the range $400 \text{ GeV} < M < 800 \text{ GeV}$. See their Fig. 6 for limit in the mass-coupling plane.

⁸ KHACHATRYAN 10 search for new resonance decaying to dijets in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.

⁹ AALTONEN 09AC search for new narrow resonance decaying to dijets.

¹⁰ CHOUDHURY 07 limit is from the $t\bar{t}$ production cross section measured at CDF.

¹¹ DONCHESKI 98 compare α_s derived from low-energy data and that from $\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \text{hadrons})/\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \text{leptons})$.

¹² ABE 97G search for new particle decaying to dijets.

¹³ ABE 95N assume axigluons decaying to quarks in the Standard Model only.

- ¹⁴ ABE 93G assume $\Gamma(g_A) = N\alpha_s m_{g_A}/6$ with $N = 10$.
- ¹⁵ CUYPERS 91 compare α_s measured in Υ decay and that from R at PEP/PETRA energies.
- ¹⁶ ABE 90H assumes $\Gamma(g_A) = N\alpha_s m_{g_A}/6$ with $N = 5$ ($\Gamma(g_A) = 0.09m_{g_A}$). For $N = 10$, the excluded region is reduced to 120–150 GeV.
- ¹⁷ ROBINETT 89 result demands partial-wave unitarity of $J = 0$ $t\bar{t} \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ scattering amplitude and derives a limit $m_{g_A} > 0.5 m_t$. Assumes $m_t > 56$ GeV.
- ¹⁸ ALBAJAR 88B result is from the nonobservation of a peak in two-jet invariant mass distribution. $\Gamma(g_A) < 0.4 m_{g_A}$ assumed. See also BAGGER 88.
- ¹⁹ CUYPERS 88 requires $\Gamma(\Upsilon \rightarrow g g_A) < \Gamma(\Upsilon \rightarrow g g g)$. A similar result is obtained by DONCHESKI 88.
- ²⁰ DONCHESKI 88B requires $\Gamma(\Upsilon \rightarrow g q\bar{q})/\Gamma(\Upsilon \rightarrow g g g) < 0.25$, where the former decay proceeds via axigluon exchange. A more conservative estimate of < 0.5 leads to $m_{g_A} > 21$ GeV.

MASS LIMITS for Color-Octet Scalar Bosons

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
none 150–287	95	¹ AAD	13K ATLS	$pp \rightarrow S_8 S_8 X, S_8 \rightarrow 2$ jets
¹ AAD 13K search for pair production of color-octet scalar particles in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. Cross section limits are interpreted as mass limits on scalar partners of a Dirac gluino.				

X^0 (Heavy Boson) Searches in Z Decays

Searches for radiative transition of Z to a lighter spin-0 state X^0 decaying to hadrons, a lepton pair, a photon pair, or invisible particles as shown in the comments. The limits are for the product of branching ratios.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
		¹ BARATE	98U ALEP	$X^0 \rightarrow \ell\bar{\ell}, q\bar{q}, gg, \gamma\gamma, \nu\bar{\nu}$
		² ACCIARRI	97Q L3	$X^0 \rightarrow$ invisible particle(s)
		³ ACTON	93E OPAL	$X^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
		⁴ ABREU	92D DLPH	$X^0 \rightarrow$ hadrons
		⁵ ADRIANI	92F L3	$X^0 \rightarrow$ hadrons
		⁶ ACTON	91 OPAL	$X^0 \rightarrow$ anything
$< 1.1 \times 10^{-4}$	95	⁷ ACTON	91B OPAL	$X^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^-$
$< 9 \times 10^{-5}$	95	⁷ ACTON	91B OPAL	$X^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
$< 1.1 \times 10^{-4}$	95	⁷ ACTON	91B OPAL	$X^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$
$< 2.8 \times 10^{-4}$	95	⁸ ADEVA	91D L3	$X^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^-$
$< 2.3 \times 10^{-4}$	95	⁸ ADEVA	91D L3	$X^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
$< 4.7 \times 10^{-4}$	95	⁹ ADEVA	91D L3	$X^0 \rightarrow$ hadrons
$< 8 \times 10^{-4}$	95	¹⁰ AKRAWY	90J OPAL	$X^0 \rightarrow$ hadrons

- ¹ BARATE 98U obtain limits on $B(Z \rightarrow \gamma X^0)B(X^0 \rightarrow \ell\bar{\ell}, q\bar{q}, gg, \gamma\gamma, \nu\bar{\nu})$. See their Fig. 17.
- ² See Fig. 4 of ACCIARRI 97Q for the upper limit on $B(Z \rightarrow \gamma X^0; E_\gamma > E_{\min})$ as a function of E_{\min} .
- ³ ACTON 93E give $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow X^0\gamma) \cdot B(X^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) < 0.4$ pb (95%CL) for $m_{X^0} = 60 \pm 2.5$ GeV. If the process occurs via s -channel γ exchange, the limit translates to $\Gamma(X^0) \cdot B(X^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)^2 < 20$ MeV for $m_{X^0} = 60 \pm 1$ GeV.
- ⁴ ABREU 92D give $\sigma_Z \cdot B(Z \rightarrow \gamma X^0) \cdot B(X^0 \rightarrow \text{hadrons}) < (3-10)$ pb for $m_{X^0} = 10-78$ GeV. A very similar limit is obtained for spin-1 X^0 .
- ⁵ ADRIANI 92F search for isolated γ in hadronic Z decays. The limit $\sigma_Z \cdot B(Z \rightarrow \gamma X^0) \cdot B(X^0 \rightarrow \text{hadrons}) < (2-10)$ pb (95%CL) is given for $m_{X^0} = 25-85$ GeV.
- ⁶ ACTON 91 searches for $Z \rightarrow Z^* X^0$, $Z^* \rightarrow e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-, \text{ or } \nu\bar{\nu}$. Excludes any new scalar X^0 with $m_{X^0} < 9.5$ GeV/ c if it has the same coupling to ZZ^* as the MSM Higgs boson.
- ⁷ ACTON 91B limits are for $m_{X^0} = 60-85$ GeV.
- ⁸ ADEVA 91D limits are for $m_{X^0} = 30-89$ GeV.
- ⁹ ADEVA 91D limits are for $m_{X^0} = 30-86$ GeV.
- ¹⁰ AKRAWY 90J give $\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \gamma X^0) \cdot B(X^0 \rightarrow \text{hadrons}) < 1.9$ MeV (95%CL) for $m_{X^0} = 32-80$ GeV. We divide by $\Gamma(Z) = 2.5$ GeV to get product of branching ratios. For nonresonant transitions, the limit is $B(Z \rightarrow \gamma q\bar{q}) < 8.2$ MeV assuming three-body phase space distribution.

MASS LIMITS for a Heavy Neutral Boson Coupling to e^+e^-

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • •				We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •
none 55–61		¹ ODAKA	89 VNS	$\Gamma(X^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-) \cdot B(X^0 \rightarrow \text{had.}) \gtrsim 0.2$ MeV
>45	95	² DERRICK	86 HRS	$\Gamma(X^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-) = 6$ MeV
>46.6	95	³ ADEVA	85 MRKJ	$\Gamma(X^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-) = 10$ keV
>48	95	³ ADEVA	85 MRKJ	$\Gamma(X^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-) = 4$ MeV
		⁴ BERGER	85B PLUT	
none 39.8–45.5		⁵ ADEVA	84 MRKJ	$\Gamma(X^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-) = 10$ keV
>47.8	95	⁵ ADEVA	84 MRKJ	$\Gamma(X^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-) = 4$ MeV
none 39.8–45.2		⁵ BEHREND	84C CELL	
>47	95	⁵ BEHREND	84C CELL	$\Gamma(X^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-) = 4$ MeV

- ¹ ODAKA 89 looked for a narrow or wide scalar resonance in $e^+e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$ at $E_{\text{cm}} = 55.0-60.8$ GeV.
- ² DERRICK 86 found no deviation from the Standard Model Bhabha scattering at $E_{\text{cm}} = 29$ GeV and set limits on the possible scalar boson e^+e^- coupling. See their figure 4 for excluded region in the $\Gamma(X^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-) - m_{X^0}$ plane. Electronic chiral invariance requires a parity doublet of X^0 , in which case the limit applies for $\Gamma(X^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-) = 3$ MeV.
- ³ ADEVA 85 first limit is from $2\gamma, \mu^+\mu^-, \text{ hadrons}$ assuming X^0 is a scalar. Second limit is from e^+e^- channel. $E_{\text{cm}} = 40-47$ GeV. Supersedes ADEVA 84.
- ⁴ BERGER 85B looked for effect of spin-0 boson exchange in $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-$ and $\mu^+\mu^-$ at $E_{\text{cm}} = 34.7$ GeV. See Fig. 5 for excluded region in the $m_{X^0} - \Gamma(X^0)$ plane.

⁵ ADEVA 84 and BEHREND 84C have $E_{\text{cm}} = 39.8\text{--}45.5$ GeV. MARK-J searched X^0 in $e^+e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}, 2\gamma, \mu^+\mu^-, e^+e^-$ and CELLO in the same channels plus τ pair. No narrow or broad X^0 is found in the energy range. They also searched for the effect of X^0 with $m_X > E_{\text{cm}}$. The second limits are from Bhabha data and for spin-0 singlet. The same limits apply for $\Gamma(X^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-) = 2$ MeV if X^0 is a spin-0 doublet. The second limit of BEHREND 84C was read off from their figure 2. The original papers also list limits in other channels.

Search for X^0 Resonance in e^+e^- Collisions

The limit is for $\Gamma(X^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-) \cdot B(X^0 \rightarrow f)$, where f is the specified final state.

Spin 0 is assumed for X^0 .

VALUE (keV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
$<10^3$	95	¹ ABE	93C VNS	$\Gamma(ee)$
$<(0.4\text{--}10)$	95	² ABE	93C VNS	$f = \gamma\gamma$
$<(0.3\text{--}5)$	95	^{3,4} ABE	93D TOPZ	$f = \gamma\gamma$
$<(2\text{--}12)$	95	^{3,4} ABE	93D TOPZ	$f = \text{hadrons}$
$<(4\text{--}200)$	95	^{4,5} ABE	93D TOPZ	$f = ee$
$<(0.1\text{--}6)$	95	^{4,5} ABE	93D TOPZ	$f = \mu\mu$
$<(0.5\text{--}8)$	90	⁶ STERNER	93 AMY	$f = \gamma\gamma$

¹ Limit is for $\Gamma(X^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-) m_{X^0} = 56\text{--}63.5$ GeV for $\Gamma(X^0) = 0.5$ GeV.

² Limit is for $m_{X^0} = 56\text{--}61.5$ GeV and is valid for $\Gamma(X^0) \ll 100$ MeV. See their Fig. 5 for limits for $\Gamma = 1, 2$ GeV.

³ Limit is for $m_{X^0} = 57.2\text{--}60$ GeV.

⁴ Limit is valid for $\Gamma(X^0) \ll 100$ MeV. See paper for limits for $\Gamma = 1$ GeV and those for $J = 2$ resonances.

⁵ Limit is for $m_{X^0} = 56.6\text{--}60$ GeV.

⁶ STERNER 93 limit is for $m_{X^0} = 57\text{--}59.6$ GeV and is valid for $\Gamma(X^0) < 100$ MeV. See their Fig. 2 for limits for $\Gamma = 1, 3$ GeV.

Search for X^0 Resonance in $e p$ Collisions

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●

¹ CHEKANOV 02B ZEUS $X \rightarrow jj$

¹ CHEKANOV 02B search for photoproduction of X decaying into dijets in $e p$ collisions. See their Fig. 5 for the limit on the photoproduction cross section.

Search for X^0 Resonance in Two-Photon Process

The limit is for $\Gamma(X^0) \cdot B(X^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)^2$. Spin 0 is assumed for X^0 .

VALUE (MeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●

<2.6 95 ¹ ACTON 93E OPAL $m_{X^0} = 60 \pm 1$ GeV

<2.9 95 BUSKULIC 93F ALEP $m_{X^0} \sim 60$ GeV

¹ ACTON 93E limit for a $J = 2$ resonance is 0.8 MeV.

Search for X^0 Resonance in $e^+ e^- \rightarrow X^0 \gamma$

VALUE (GeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1	ABBIENDI	03D	OPAL	$X^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
2	ABREU	00Z	DLPH	X^0 decaying invisibly
3	ADAM	96C	DLPH	X^0 decaying invisibly

¹ ABBIENDI 03D measure the $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\gamma$ cross section at $\sqrt{s}=181-209$ GeV. The upper bound on the production cross section, $\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow X^0 \gamma)$ times the branching ratio for $X^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$, is less than 0.03 pb at 95%CL for X^0 masses between 20 and 180 GeV. See their Fig. 9b for the limits in the mass-cross section plane.

² ABREU 00Z is from the single photon cross section at $\sqrt{s}=183, 189$ GeV. The production cross section upper limit is less than 0.3 pb for X^0 mass between 40 and 160 GeV. See their Fig. 4 for the limit in mass-cross section plane.

³ ADAM 96C is from the single photon production cross at $\sqrt{s}=130, 136$ GeV. The upper bound is less than 3 pb for X^0 masses between 60 and 130 GeV. See their Fig. 5 for the exact bound on the cross section $\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X^0)$.

Search for X^0 Resonance in $Z \rightarrow f\bar{f}X^0$

The limit is for $B(Z \rightarrow f\bar{f}X^0) \cdot B(X^0 \rightarrow F)$ where f is a fermion and F is the specified final state. Spin 0 is assumed for X^0 .

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$<3.7 \times 10^{-6}$	95	1	ABREU	96T	DLPH	$f=e,\mu,\tau; F=\gamma\gamma$
		2	ABREU	96T	DLPH	$f=\nu; F=\gamma\gamma$
		3	ABREU	96T	DLPH	$f=q; F=\gamma\gamma$
$<6.8 \times 10^{-6}$	95	2	ACTON	93E	OPAL	$f=e,\mu,\tau; F=\gamma\gamma$
$<5.5 \times 10^{-6}$	95	2	ACTON	93E	OPAL	$f=q; F=\gamma\gamma$
$<3.1 \times 10^{-6}$	95	2	ACTON	93E	OPAL	$f=\nu; F=\gamma\gamma$
$<6.5 \times 10^{-6}$	95	2	ACTON	93E	OPAL	$f=e,\mu; F=\ell\bar{\ell}, q\bar{q}, \nu\bar{\nu}$
$<7.1 \times 10^{-6}$	95	2	BUSKULIC	93F	ALEP	$f=e,\mu; F=\ell\bar{\ell}, q\bar{q}, \nu\bar{\nu}$
		4	ADRIANI	92F	L3	$f=q; F=\gamma\gamma$

¹ ABREU 96T obtain limit as a function of m_{X^0} . See their Fig. 6.

² Limit is for m_{X^0} around 60 GeV.

³ ABREU 96T obtain limit as a function of m_{X^0} . See their Fig. 15.

⁴ ADRIANI 92F give $\sigma_Z \cdot B(Z \rightarrow q\bar{q}X^0) \cdot B(X^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) < (0.75-1.5)$ pb (95%CL) for $m_{X^0} = 10-70$ GeV. The limit is 1 pb at 60 GeV.

Search for X^0 Resonance in $W X^0$ final state

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1	AALTONEN	13AA	CDF	$X^0 \rightarrow jj$
2	CHATRCHYAN	12BR	CMS	$X^0 \rightarrow jj$
3	ABAZOV	11i	D0	$X^0 \rightarrow jj$
4	ABE	97W	CDF	$X^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$

- ¹ AALTONEN 13AA search for X^0 production associated with W (or Z) in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96$ TeV. The upper limit on the cross section $\sigma(p\bar{p} \rightarrow WX^0)$ is 2.2 pb for $M_{X^0} = 145$ GeV.
- ² CHATRCHYAN 12BR search for X^0 production associated with W in pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. The upper limit on the cross section is 5.0 pb at 95% CL for $m_{X^0} = 150$ GeV.
- ³ ABAZOV 11I search for X^0 production associated with W in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96$ TeV. The 95% CL upper limit on the cross section ranges from 2.57 to 1.28 pb for X^0 mass between 110 and 170 GeV.
- ⁴ ABE 97W search for X^0 production associated with W in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.8$ TeV. The 95%CL upper limit on the production cross section times the branching ratio for $X^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ ranges from 14 to 19 pb for X^0 mass between 70 and 120 GeV. See their Fig. 3 for upper limits of the production cross section as a function of m_{X^0} .

Search for X^0 Resonance in Quarkonium Decays

Limits are for branching ratios to modes shown. Spin 1 is assumed for X^0 .

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 3 \times 10^{-5} - 6 \times 10^{-3}$	90	¹ BALEST	95 CLE2	$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow X^0 \bar{X}^0 \gamma$, $m_{X^0} < 3.9$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

¹ BALEST 95 three-body limit is for phase-space photon energy distribution and angular distribution same as for $\Upsilon \rightarrow gg\gamma$.

REFERENCES FOR Searches for New Heavy Bosons (W' , Z' , leptoquarks, etc.)

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AAD	13AO	PR D87 112006	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	13AQ	PR D88 012004	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	13D	JHEP 1301 029	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	13G	JHEP 1301 116	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	13K	EPJ C73 2263	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	13S	PL B719 242	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AALTONEN	13A	PRL 110 121802	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	13AA	PR D88 092004	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	13R	PRL 111 031802	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	13A	JHEP 1301 013	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	13AF	PL B720 63	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
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CHATRCHYAN	13AP	PR D87 072002	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	13AQ	PR D87 072005	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
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SAKAKI	13	PR D88 094012	Y. Sakaki <i>et al.</i>	
AAD	12AV	PRL 109 081801	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	12BB	PR D85 112012	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	12BV	JHEP 1209 041	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	12CC	JHEP 1211 138	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	12CK	PR D86 091103	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	12CR	EPJ C72 2241	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	12H	PL B709 158	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
Also		PL B711 442 (errata)	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	12K	EPJ C72 2083	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	12M	EPJ C72 2056	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	12O	EPJ C72 2151	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)

AALTONEN	12AR	PR D86 112002	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	12N	PRL 108 211805	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV	12R	PR D85 051101	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
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CHATRCHYAN	12AG	PR D86 052013	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	12AI	JHEP 1208 110	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	12AQ	JHEP 1209 029	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	12AR	PL B717 351	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
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AAD	11J	PL B700 163	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	11M	PL B701 50	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
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AARON	11B	PL B704 388	F. D. Aaron <i>et al.</i>	(H1 Collab.)
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ABAZOV	06L	PL B640 230	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	06N	PL B641 423	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABDALLAH	06C	EPJ C45 589	J. Abdallah <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ABULENCIA	06L	PRL 96 211801	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA	06M	PRL 96 211802	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABULENCIA	06T	PR D73 051102	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV	05H	PR D71 071104	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABULENCIA	05A	PRL 95 252001	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ACOSTA	05I	PR D71 112001	D. Acosta <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ACOSTA	05P	PR D72 051107	D. Acosta <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ACOSTA	05R	PRL 95 131801	D. Acosta <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AKTAS	05B	PL B629 9	A. Aktas <i>et al.</i>	(H1 Collab.)
CHEKANOV	05	PL B610 212	S. Chekanov <i>et al.</i>	(HERA ZEUS Collab.)
CHEKANOV	05A	EPJ C44 463	S. Chekanov <i>et al.</i>	(ZEUS Collab.)
CYBURT	05	ASP 23 313	R.H. Cyburt <i>et al.</i>	
ABAZOV	04A	PRL 92 221801	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	04C	PR D69 111101	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABBIENDI	04G	EPJ C33 173	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ABBIENDI	03D	EPJ C26 331	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ABBIENDI	03R	EPJ C31 281	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL)
ACOSTA	03B	PRL 90 081802	D. Acosta <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ADLOFF	03	PL B568 35	C. Adloff <i>et al.</i>	(H1 Collab.)
BARGER	03B	PR D67 075009	V. Barger, P. Langacker, H. Lee	
CHANG	03	PR D68 111101	M.-C. Chang <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
CHEKANOV	03B	PR D68 052004	S. Chekanov <i>et al.</i>	(ZEUS Collab.)
ABAZOV	02	PRL 88 191801	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABBIENDI	02B	PL B526 233	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
AFFOLDER	02C	PRL 88 071806	T. Affolder <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
CHEKANOV	02	PR D65 092004	S. Chekanov <i>et al.</i>	(ZEUS Collab.)
CHEKANOV	02B	PL B531 9	S. Chekanov <i>et al.</i>	(ZEUS Collab.)
MUECK	02	PR D65 085037	A. Mueck, A. Pilaftsis, R. Rueckl	
ABAZOV	01B	PRL 87 061802	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	01D	PR D64 092004	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ADLOFF	01C	PL B523 234	C. Adloff <i>et al.</i>	(H1 Collab.)
AFFOLDER	01I	PRL 87 231803	T. Affolder <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
BREITWEG	01	PR D63 052002	J. Breitweg <i>et al.</i>	(ZEUS Collab.)
CHEUNG	01B	PL B517 167	K. Cheung	
THOMAS	01	NP A694 559	E. Thomas <i>et al.</i>	
ABBIENDI	00M	EPJ C13 15	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ABBOTT	00C	PRL 84 2088	B. Abbott <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABE	00	PRL 84 5716	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABREU	00S	PL B485 45	P. Abreu <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ABREU	00Z	EPJ C17 53	P. Abreu <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ACCIARRI	00P	PL B489 81	M. Acciarri <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
ADLOFF	00	PL B479 358	C. Adloff <i>et al.</i>	(H1 Collab.)
AFFOLDER	00K	PRL 85 2056	T. Affolder <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
BARATE	00I	EPJ C12 183	R. Barate <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
BARGER	00	PL B480 149	V. Barger, K. Cheung	
BREITWEG	00E	EPJ C16 253	J. Breitweg <i>et al.</i>	(ZEUS Collab.)
CHAY	00	PR D61 035002	J. Chay, K.Y. Lee, S. Nam	
CHO	00	MPL A15 311	G. Cho	
CORNET	00	PR D61 037701	F. Cornet, M. Relano, J. Rico	
DELGADO	00	JHEP 0001 030	A. Delgado, A. Pomarol, M. Quiros	
ERLER	00	PRL 84 212	J. Erler, P. Langacker	
GABRIELLI	00	PR D62 055009	E. Gabrielli	
RIZZO	00	PR D61 016007	T.G. Rizzo, J.D. Wells	
ROSNER	00	PR D61 016006	J.L. Rosner	
ZARNECKI	00	EPJ C17 695	A. Zarnecki	
ABBIENDI	99	EPJ C6 1	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)

ABBOTT	99J	PRL 83 2896	B. Abbott <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABREU	99G	PL B446 62	P. Abreu <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ACKERSTAFF	99D	EPJ C8 3	K. Ackerstaff <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ADLOFF	99	EPJ C11 447	C. Adloff <i>et al.</i>	(H1 Collab.)
Also		EPJ C14 553 (errata)	C. Adloff <i>et al.</i>	(H1 Collab.)
CASALBUONI	99	PL B460 135	R. Casalbuoni <i>et al.</i>	
CZAKON	99	PL B458 355	M. Czakon, J. Gluza, M. Zralek	
ERLER	99	PL B456 68	J. Erler, P. Langacker	
MARCIANO	99	PR D60 093006	W. Marciano	
MASIP	99	PR D60 096005	M. Masip, A. Pomarol	
NATH	99	PR D60 116004	P. Nath, M. Yamaguchi	
STRUMIA	99	PL B466 107	A. Strumia	
ABBOTT	98E	PRL 80 2051	B. Abbott <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABBOTT	98J	PRL 81 38	B. Abbott <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABE	98S	PRL 81 4806	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABE	98V	PRL 81 5742	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ACCIARRI	98J	PL B433 163	M. Acciarri <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
ACKERSTAFF	98V	EPJ C2 441	K. Ackerstaff <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
BARATE	98U	EPJ C4 571	R. Barate <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
BARENBOIM	98	EPJ C1 369	G. Barenboim	
CHO	98	EPJ C5 155	G. Cho, K. Hagiwara, S. Matsumoto	
CONRAD	98	RMP 70 1341	J.M. Conrad, M.H. Shaevitz, T. Bolton	
DONCHESKI	98	PR D58 097702	M.A. Doncheski, R.W. Robinett	
GROSS-PILCH...	98	hep-ex/9810015	C. Grosso-Pilcher, G. Landsberg, M. Paterno	
ABE	97F	PRL 78 2906	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABE	97G	PR D55 R5263	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABE	97S	PRL 79 2192	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABE	97W	PRL 79 3819	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABE	97X	PRL 79 4327	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ACCIARRI	97Q	PL B412 201	M. Acciarri <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
ARIMA	97	PR D55 19	T. Arima <i>et al.</i>	(VENUS Collab.)
BARENBOIM	97	PR D55 4213	G. Barenboim <i>et al.</i>	(VALE, IFIC)
DEANDREA	97	PL B409 277	A. Deandrea	(MARS)
DERRICK	97	ZPHY C73 613	M. Derrick <i>et al.</i>	(ZEUS Collab.)
GROSSMAN	97	PR D55 2768	Y. Grossman, Z. Ligeti, E. Nardi	(REHO, CIT)
JADACH	97	PL B408 281	S. Jadach, B.F.L. Ward, Z. Was	(CERN, INPK+)
STAHL	97	ZPHY C74 73	A. Stahl, H. Voss	(BONN)
ABACHI	96C	PRL 76 3271	S. Abachi <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABACHI	96D	PL B385 471	S. Abachi <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABREU	96T	ZPHY C72 179	P. Abreu <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ADAM	96C	PL B380 471	W. Adam <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
AID	96B	PL B369 173	S. Aid <i>et al.</i>	(H1 Collab.)
ALLET	96	PL B383 139	M. Allet <i>et al.</i>	(VILL, LEUV, LOUV, WISC)
ABACHI	95E	PL B358 405	S. Abachi <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABE	95M	PRL 74 2900	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABE	95N	PRL 74 3538	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
BALEST	95	PR D51 2053	R. Balest <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
KUZNETSOV	95	PRL 75 794	I.A. Kuznetsov <i>et al.</i>	(PNPI, KIAE, HARV+)
KUZNETSOV	95B	PAN 58 2113	A.V. Kuznetsov, N.V. Mikheev	(YARO)
		Translated from YAF 58 2228.		
MIZUKOSHI	95	NP B443 20	J.K. Mizukoshi, O.J.P. Eboli, M.C. Gonzalez-Garcia	
ABREU	94O	ZPHY C64 183	P. Abreu <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
BHATTACH...	94	PL B336 100	G. Bhattacharyya, J. Ellis, K. Sridhar	(CERN)
Also		PL B338 522 (erratum)	G. Bhattacharyya, J. Ellis, K. Sridhar	(CERN)
BHATTACH...	94B	PL B338 522 (erratum)	G. Bhattacharyya, J. Ellis, K. Sridhar	(CERN)
DAVIDSON	94	ZPHY C61 613	S. Davidson, D. Bailey, B.A. Campbell	(CFPA+)
KUZNETSOV	94	PL B329 295	A.V. Kuznetsov, N.V. Mikheev	(YARO)
KUZNETSOV	94B	JETPL 60 315	I.A. Kuznetsov <i>et al.</i>	(PNPI, KIAE, HARV+)
		Translated from ZETFP 60 311.		
LEURER	94	PR D50 536	M. Leurer	(REHO)
LEURER	94B	PR D49 333	M. Leurer	(REHO)
Also		PRL 71 1324	M. Leurer	(REHO)
MAHANTA	94	PL B337 128	U. Mahanta	(MEHTA)
SEVERIJNS	94	PRL 73 611 (erratum)	N. Severijns <i>et al.</i>	(LOUV, WISC, LEUV+)
VILAIN	94B	PL B332 465	P. Vilain <i>et al.</i>	(CHARM II Collab.)
ABE	93C	PL B302 119	K. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(VENUS Collab.)
ABE	93D	PL B304 373	T. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(TOPAZ Collab.)
ABE	93G	PRL 71 2542	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABREU	93J	PL B316 620	P. Abreu <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ACTON	93E	PL B311 391	P.D. Acton <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ADRIANI	93M	PRPL 236 1	O. Adriani <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)

ALITTI	93	NP B400 3	J. Alitti <i>et al.</i>	(UA2 Collab.)
BHATTACH...	93	PR D47 R3693	G. Bhattacharyya <i>et al.</i>	(CALC, JADA, ICTP+)
BUSKULIC	93F	PL B308 425	D. Buskulic <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
DERRICK	93	PL B306 173	M. Derrick <i>et al.</i>	(ZEUS Collab.)
RIZZO	93	PR D48 4470	T.G. Rizzo	(ANL)
SEVERIJNS	93	PRL 70 4047	N. Severijns <i>et al.</i>	(LOUV, WISC, LEUV+)
Also		PRL 73 611 (erratum)	N. Severijns <i>et al.</i>	(LOUV, WISC, LEUV+)
STERNER	93	PL B303 385	K.L. Sterner <i>et al.</i>	(AMY Collab.)
ABREU	92D	ZPHY C53 555	P. Abreu <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ADRIANI	92F	PL B292 472	O. Adriani <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
DECAMP	92	PRPL 216 253	D. Decamp <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
IMAZATO	92	PRL 69 877	J. Imazato <i>et al.</i>	(KEK, INUS, TOKY+)
MISHRA	92	PRL 68 3499	S.R. Mishra <i>et al.</i>	(COLU, CHIC, FNAL+)
POLAK	92B	PR D46 3871	J. Polak, M. Zralek	(SILES)
ACTON	91	PL B268 122	D.P. Acton <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ACTON	91B	PL B273 338	D.P. Acton <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ADEVA	91D	PL B262 155	B. Adeva <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
AQUINO	91	PL B261 280	M. Aquino, A. Fernandez, A. Garcia	(CINV, PUEB)
COLANGELO	91	PL B253 154	P. Colangelo, G. Nardulli	(BARI)
CUYPERS	91	PL B259 173	F. Cuyper, A.F. Falk, P.H. Frampton	(DURH, HARV+)
FARAGGI	91	MPL A6 61	A.E. Faraggi, D.V. Nanopoulos	(TAMU)
POLAK	91	NP B363 385	J. Polak, M. Zralek	(SILES)
RIZZO	91	PR D44 202	T.G. Rizzo	(WISC, ISU)
WALKER	91	APJ 376 51	T.P. Walker <i>et al.</i>	(HSCA, OSU, CHIC+)
ABE	90F	PL B246 297	K. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(VENUS Collab.)
ABE	90H	PR D41 1722	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AKRAWY	90J	PL B246 285	M.Z. Akrawy <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
GONZALEZ-G...	90D	PL B240 163	M.C. Gonzalez-Garcia, J.W.F. Valle	(VALE)
GRIFOLS	90	NP B331 244	J.A. Grifols, E. Masso	(BARC)
GRIFOLS	90D	PR D42 3293	J.A. Grifols, E. Masso, T.G. Rizzo	(BARC, CERN+)
KIM	90	PL B240 243	G.N. Kim <i>et al.</i>	(AMY Collab.)
LOPEZ	90	PL B241 392	J.L. Lopez, D.V. Nanopoulos	(TAMU)
BARBIERI	89B	PR D39 1229	R. Barbieri, R.N. Mohapatra	(PISA, UMD)
LANGACKER	89B	PR D40 1569	P. Langacker, S. Uma Sankar	(PENN)
ODAKA	89	JPSJ 58 3037	S. Odaka <i>et al.</i>	(VENUS Collab.)
ROBINETT	89	PR D39 834	R.W. Robinett	(PSU)
ALBAJAR	88B	PL B209 127	C. Albajar <i>et al.</i>	(UA1 Collab.)
BAGGER	88	PR D37 1188	J. Bagger, C. Schmidt, S. King	(HARV, BOST)
BALKE	88	PR D37 587	B. Balke <i>et al.</i>	(LBL, UCB, COLO, NWES+)
BERGSTROM	88	PL B212 386	L. Bergstrom	(STOH)
CUYPERS	88	PRL 60 1237	F. Cuyper, P.H. Frampton	(UNCCH)
DONCHESKI	88	PL B206 137	M.A. Doncheski, H. Grotch, R. Robinett	(PSU)
DONCHESKI	88B	PR D38 412	M.A. Doncheski, H. Grotch, R.W. Robinett	(PSU)
BARTEL	87B	ZPHY C36 15	W. Bartel <i>et al.</i>	(JADE Collab.)
BEHREND	86B	PL B178 452	H.J. Behrend <i>et al.</i>	(CELLO Collab.)
DERRICK	86	PL 166B 463	M. Derrick <i>et al.</i>	(HRS Collab.)
Also		PR D34 3286	M. Derrick <i>et al.</i>	(HRS Collab.)
JODIDIO	86	PR D34 1967	A. Jodidio <i>et al.</i>	(LBL, NWES, TRIU)
Also		PR D37 237 (erratum)	A. Jodidio <i>et al.</i>	(LBL, NWES, TRIU)
MOHAPATRA	86	PR D34 909	R.N. Mohapatra	(UMD)
ADEVA	85	PL 152B 439	B. Adeva <i>et al.</i>	(Mark-J Collab.)
BERGER	85B	ZPHY C27 341	C. Berger <i>et al.</i>	(PLUTO Collab.)
STOKER	85	PRL 54 1887	D.P. Stoker <i>et al.</i>	(LBL, NWES, TRIU)
ADEVA	84	PRL 53 134	B. Adeva <i>et al.</i>	(Mark-J Collab.)
BEHREND	84C	PL 140B 130	H.J. Behrend <i>et al.</i>	(CELLO Collab.)
BERGSMA	83	PL 122B 465	F. Bergsma <i>et al.</i>	(CHARM Collab.)
CARR	83	PRL 51 627	J. Carr <i>et al.</i>	(LBL, NWES, TRIU)
BEALL	82	PRL 48 848	G. Beall, M. Bander, A. Soni	(UCI, UCLA)
SHANKER	82	NP B204 375	O. Shanker	(TRIU)