

# Charged Higgs Bosons ( $H^\pm$ and $H^{\pm\pm}$ ), Searches for

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### — $H^\pm$ (charged Higgs) mass limits for $m_{H^\pm} < m(\text{top})$ —

Unless otherwise stated, LEP limits assume  $B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu) + B(H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{s}) = 1$ , and hold for all values of  $B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu_\tau)$ , and assume  $H^+$  weak isospin of  $T_3 = +1/2$ . In the following,  $\tan\beta$  is the ratio of the two vacuum expectation values in two-doublet models (2HDM).

The limits are also applicable to point-like technipions. For a discussion of techniparticles, see the Review of Dynamical Electroweak Symmetry Breaking in this Review.

Limits obtained at the LHC are given in the  $m_h^{mod-}$  benchmark scenario, see CARENA 13, and hold for all  $\tan\beta$  values.

For limits obtained in hadronic collisions before the observation of the top quark, and based on the top mass values inconsistent with the current measurements, see the 1996 (Physical Review **D54** 1 (1996)) Edition of this Review.

Searches in  $e^+ e^-$  collisions at and above the  $Z$  pole have conclusively ruled out the existence of a charged Higgs in the region  $m_{H^\pm} \lesssim 45$  GeV, and are meanwhile superseded by the searches in higher energy  $e^+ e^-$  collisions at LEP. Results that are by now obsolete are therefore not included in this compilation, and can be found in a previous Edition (The European Physical Journal **C15** 1 (2000)) of this Review.

In the following, and unless otherwise stated, results from the LEP experiments (ALEPH, DELPHI, L3, and OPAL) are assumed to derive from the study of the  $e^+ e^- \rightarrow H^+ H^-$  process. Limits from  $b \rightarrow s\gamma$  decays are usually stronger in generic 2HDM models than in Supersymmetric models.

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>none 80–140</b>	95	1 AAD	15AF ATLS	$t \rightarrow bH^+$
<b>none 90–155</b>	95	2 KHACHATRYAN...15AX CMS		$t \rightarrow bH^+, H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu$
<b>&gt; 80</b>	95	3 LEP	13 LEP	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow H^+ H^-, E_{cm} \leq 209\text{GeV}$
> 76.3	95	4 ABBIENDI	12 OPAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow H^+ H^-, E_{cm} \leq 209\text{GeV}$
> 74.4	95	ABDALLAH	04I DELPHI	$E_{cm} \leq 209\text{ GeV}$
> 76.5	95	ACHARD	03E L3	$E_{cm} \leq 209\text{ GeV}$
> 79.3	95	HEISTER	02P ALEP	$E_{cm} \leq 209\text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

5 AAD	23AH ATLS	$H^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm Z$
6,7 AAD	23BB ATLS	$t \rightarrow bH^+, H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{b}$
7,8 AAD	23BWATLS	$t \rightarrow bH^+, H^+ \rightarrow$ $W^+ A^0, A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
9 TUMASYAN	23AV CMS	$H^\pm \rightarrow H_2^0 W^\pm$
10 TUMASYAN	22B CMS	$H^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm \gamma$
11 AAD	21V ATLS	$\bar{t}bH^+, H^+ \rightarrow t\bar{b}$
12 SIRUNYAN	21W CMS	$H^+ \rightarrow W^+ Z$
13 AAD	20W ATLS	$H^+ \rightarrow t\bar{b}$
14 SIRUNYAN	20AO CMS	$H^+ \rightarrow t\bar{b}$
15 SIRUNYAN	20AV CMS	$H^+ \rightarrow t\bar{b}$
16 SIRUNYAN	20BE CMS	$t \rightarrow bH^+, H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{s}$
17 SIRUNYAN	19AH CMS	$H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu$
18 SIRUNYAN	19BP CMS	$H^+ \rightarrow W^+ Z$
19 SIRUNYAN	19CC CMS	$t \rightarrow bH^+, H^+ \rightarrow$ $W^+ A^0, A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
20 SIRUNYAN	19CQ CMS	$H^+ \rightarrow W^+ Z$
21 AABOUD	18BWATLS	$\bar{t}bH^+ \text{ or } t \rightarrow bH^+,$ $H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu$
22 AABOUD	18CD ATLS	$\bar{t}bH^+, H^+ \rightarrow t\bar{b}$
23 AABOUD	18CH ATLS	$H^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm Z$
24 HALLER	18 RVUE	$b \rightarrow s\gamma$
25 SIRUNYAN	18DO CMS	$t \rightarrow bH^+, H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{b}$
26 MISIAK	17 RVUE	$b \rightarrow s(d)\gamma$
27 SIRUNYAN	17AE CMS	$H^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm Z$
28 AABOUD	16A ATLS	$t(b) H^+, H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu$
29 AAD	16AJ ATLS	$t(b) H^+, H^+ \rightarrow t\bar{b}$
30 AAD	16AJ ATLS	$qq \rightarrow H^+, H^+ \rightarrow t\bar{b}$
31 AAD	15AF ATLS	$tH^\pm$
32 AAD	15M ATLS	$H^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm Z$
33 KHACHATRY...15AX	CMS	$tH^+, H^+ \rightarrow t\bar{b}$
34 KHACHATRY...15AX	CMS	$tH^\pm, H^\pm \rightarrow \tau^\pm \nu$
35 KHACHATRY...15BF	CMS	$t \rightarrow bH^+, H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{s}$
36 AAD	14M ATLS	$H_2^0 \rightarrow H^\pm W^\mp \rightarrow$ $H^0 W^\pm W^\mp, H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
37 AALTONEN	14A CDF	$t \rightarrow b\tau\nu$
38 AAD	13AC ATLS	$t \rightarrow bH^+$
39 AAD	13V ATLS	$t \rightarrow bH^+, \text{ lepton non-}$ universality
40 AAD	12BH ATLS	$t \rightarrow bH^+$
41 CHATRCHYAN	12AA CMS	$t \rightarrow bH^+$
42 AALTONEN	11P CDF	$t \rightarrow bH^+, H^+ \rightarrow W^+ A^0$
43 DESCHAMPS	10 RVUE	Type II, flavor physics data
44 AALTONEN	09AJ CDF	$t \rightarrow bH^+$
45 ABAZOV	09AC D0	$t \rightarrow bH^+$
46 ABAZOV	09AG D0	$t \rightarrow bH^+$
47 ABAZOV	09AI D0	$t \rightarrow bH^+$
48 ABAZOV	09P D0	$H^+ \rightarrow t\bar{b}$

	49	ABULENCIA	06E	CDF	$t \rightarrow bH^+$
> 92.0	95	ABBIENDI	04	OPAL	$B(\tau\nu) = 1$
> 76.7	95	50 ABDALLAH	04I	DLPH	Type I
	51	ABBIENDI	03	OPAL	$\tau \rightarrow \mu\bar{\nu}\nu, e\bar{\nu}\nu$
	52	ABAZOV	02B	D0	$t \rightarrow bH^+, H \rightarrow \tau\nu$
	53	BORZUMATI	02	RVUE	
	54	ABBIENDI	01Q	OPAL	$B \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau X$
	55	BARATE	01E	ALEP	$B \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau$
>315	99	56 GAMBINO	01	RVUE	$b \rightarrow s\gamma$
	57 AFFOLDER	00I	CDF		$t \rightarrow bH^+, H \rightarrow \tau\nu$
> 59.5	95	ABBIENDI	99E	OPAL	$E_{cm} \leq 183 \text{ GeV}$
	58 ABBOTT	99E	D0		$t \rightarrow bH^+$
	59 ACKERSTAFF	99D	OPAL		$\tau \rightarrow e\nu\nu, \mu\nu\nu$
	60 ACCIARRI	97F	L3		$B \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau$
	61 AMMAR	97B	CLEO		$\tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu$
	62 COARASA	97	RVUE		$B \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau X$
	63 GUCHAIT	97	RVUE		$t \rightarrow bH^+, H \rightarrow \tau\nu$
	64 MANGANO	97	RVUE		$B_{u(c)} \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau$
	65 STAHL	97	RVUE		$\tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu$
>244	95	66 ALAM	95	CLE2	$b \rightarrow s\gamma$
	67 BUSKULIC	95	ALEP		$b \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau X$

<sup>1</sup> AAD 15AF search for  $t\bar{t}$  production followed by  $t \rightarrow bH^+, H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu$  in  $19.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{cm} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ . Upper limits on  $B(t \rightarrow bH^+) B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau\nu)$  between  $2.3 \times 10^{-3}$  and  $1.3 \times 10^{-2}$  (95% CL) are given for  $m_{H^+} = 80\text{--}160 \text{ GeV}$ . See their Fig. 8 for the excluded regions in different benchmark scenarios of the MSSM. The region  $m_{H^+} < 140 \text{ GeV}$  is excluded for  $\tan\beta > 1$  in the considered scenarios.

<sup>2</sup> KHACHATRYAN 15AX search for  $t\bar{t}$  production followed by  $t \rightarrow bH^+, H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu$  in  $19.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{cm} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ . Upper limits on  $B(t \rightarrow bH^+) B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau\nu)$  between  $1.2 \times 10^{-2}$  and  $1.5 \times 10^{-3}$  (95% CL) are given for  $m_{H^+} = 80\text{--}160 \text{ GeV}$ . See their Fig. 11 for the excluded regions in different benchmark scenarios of the MSSM. The region  $m_{H^+} < 155 \text{ GeV}$  is excluded for  $\tan\beta > 1$  in the considered scenarios.

<sup>3</sup> LEP 13 give a limit that refers to the Type II scenario. The limit for  $B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau\nu) = 1$  is  $94 \text{ GeV}$  (95% CL), and for  $B(H^+ \rightarrow cs) = 1$  the region below  $80.5$  as well as the region  $83\text{--}88 \text{ GeV}$  is excluded (95% CL). LEP 13 also search for the decay mode  $H^+ \rightarrow A^0 W^*$  with  $A^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ , which is not negligible in Type I models. The limit in Type I models is  $72.5 \text{ GeV}$  (95% CL) if  $m_{A^0} > 12 \text{ GeV}$ .

<sup>4</sup> ABBIENDI 12 also search for the decay mode  $H^+ \rightarrow A^0 W^*$  with  $A^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ .

<sup>5</sup> AAD 23AH search for vector boson fusion production of  $H^\pm$  decaying to  $H^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm Z \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu \ell^+ \ell^-$  in  $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{cm} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ . See their Fig. 9 for limits on cross section times branching ratio in the Georgi-Machacek model for  $m_{H^\pm} = 0.2\text{--}1.0 \text{ TeV}$ , and also for limits on the triplet vacuum expectation value fraction.

<sup>6</sup> AAD 23BB search for  $t\bar{t}$  production followed by  $t \rightarrow bH^+, H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{b}$  in  $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{cm} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ . See their Fig. 8 for limits on the product of branching ratios for  $m_{H^+} = 60\text{--}160 \text{ GeV}$ .

<sup>7</sup> Charge conjugated states are also implied.

<sup>8</sup> AAD 23BW search for  $t \rightarrow bH^+$  from pair produced top quarks, with the decay chain  $H^+ \rightarrow W^+ A^0, A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$  using  $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{cm} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ . See their Fig. 5(b)-(d) for limits on the product of branching ratios for  $m_{H^+} = 120, 140, 160 \text{ GeV}$ , and  $m_{A^0} = 15\text{--}72 \text{ GeV}$ .

- <sup>9</sup> TUMASYAN 23AV search for production of  $H^\pm$  in association with a top quark, decaying to  $H_2^0 W^\pm$ ,  $H_2^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$ , using  $138 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ . See their Fig. 9 for limits on production cross section times branching ratios for  $m_{H^\pm} = 0.3\text{--}0.7 \text{ TeV}$  and  $m_{H_2^0} = 0.2 \text{ TeV}$ .
- <sup>10</sup> TUMASYAN 22B search for production of scalar resonance decaying to  $W^\pm \gamma \rightarrow q\bar{q}\gamma$  in  $137 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ . See their Fig. 5 for limits on cross section times branching ratio for the mass range  $0.7\text{--}6.0 \text{ TeV}$ , assuming narrow width or  $\Gamma/M = 0.05$ .
- <sup>11</sup> AAD 21V search for  $\bar{t}bH^+$  associated production followed by  $H^+ \rightarrow t\bar{b}$  in  $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ . See their Fig. 6 for upper limits on cross section times branching ratio for  $m_{H^+} = 0.2\text{--}2 \text{ TeV}$ . See also their Fig. 7 for the excluded region in the parameter space of the hMSSM and the following MSSM benchmark scenarios:  $M_h^{125}$ ,  $M_h^{125}(\tilde{\chi})$ ,  $M_h^{125}(\tilde{\tau})$ ,  $M_h^{125}(\text{alignment})$ ,  $M_h^{125}(\text{CPV})$ .
- <sup>12</sup> SIRUNYAN 21W search for vector boson fusion production of  $H^+$  decaying to  $H^+ \rightarrow W^+ Z \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu \ell^+ \ell^-$  in  $137 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ . See their Fig. 8 for limits on cross section times branching ratio for  $m_{H^+} = 0.2\text{--}3.0 \text{ TeV}$ , and also for limits on the fraction of the triplet vev contribution to the  $W$  mass in the Georgi-Machacek model.
- <sup>13</sup> AAD 20W search for dijet resonances in events with isolated leptons using  $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ . As a byproduct,  $H^+ \rightarrow t\bar{b}$  produced in association with  $\bar{t}b$  is searched for. Limits on the product of cross section times branching ratio for  $m_{H^+} = 0.6\text{--}2 \text{ TeV}$  are given in their Fig. 5(c).
- <sup>14</sup> SIRUNYAN 20AO search for  $H^+ \rightarrow t\bar{b}$  produced in association with  $t(b)$  in all jet final states in  $35.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ . See their Fig. 6 for limits on the product of cross section times branching ratio for  $m_{H^+} = 0.2\text{--}3 \text{ TeV}$ . Limits for  $s$ -channel production are also given for  $m_{H^+} = 0.8\text{--}3 \text{ TeV}$ . See also Fig. 7 for the corresponding limits in scenarios in the minimal supersymmetric standard model. Cross section limits from combined results with SIRUNYAN 20AV are given in Fig. 8.
- <sup>15</sup> SIRUNYAN 20AV search for  $H^+ \rightarrow t\bar{b}$  produced in association with  $t(b)$  in final states with one or two leptons, in  $35.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ . See their Fig. 5 for limits on the product of cross section times branching ratio for  $m_{H^+} = 0.2\text{--}3 \text{ TeV}$ , and their Fig. 6 for the corresponding limits in scenarios in the minimal supersymmetric standard model.
- <sup>16</sup> SIRUNYAN 20BE search for  $t \rightarrow bH^+$  followed by the decay  $H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{s}$  in pair produced top quark events using  $35.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ . Limits on the branching ratio in the range  $1.68\text{--}0.25\%$  (95%CL) are given for  $m_{H^+} = 80\text{--}160 \text{ GeV}$ , see their Fig. 4.
- <sup>17</sup> SIRUNYAN 19AH search for  $H^+$  in the decay of a pair-produced  $t$  quark, or in associated  $t\bar{b}H^+$  or nonresonant  $b\bar{b}H^+ W^-$  production, followed by  $H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu$ , in  $35.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ . Upper limits on cross section times branching ratio between  $6 \text{ pb}$  and  $5 \text{ fb}$  (95% CL) are given for  $m_{H^+} = 80\text{--}3000 \text{ GeV}$  (including the non-resonant production near the top quark mass), see their Fig. 6 (left). See their Fig. 6 (right) for the excluded regions in the  $m_h^{\text{mod}-}$  scenario of the MSSM.
- <sup>18</sup> SIRUNYAN 19BP search for vector boson fusion production of  $H^+$  decaying to  $H^+ \rightarrow W^+ Z \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu \ell^+ \ell^-$  in  $35.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ . See their Fig. 7 for limits on cross section times branching ratio for  $m_{H^+} = 0.3\text{--}2.0 \text{ TeV}$ , and also for limits on the fraction of the triplet vev contribution to the  $W$  mass in the Georgi-Machacek model.
- <sup>19</sup> SIRUNYAN 19CC search for  $t \rightarrow bH^+$  from pair produced top quarks, with the decay chain  $H^+ \rightarrow W^+ A^0$ ,  $A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$  in  $35.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ . See their Fig. 2 for limits on the product of branching ratios for  $m_{A^0} = 15\text{--}75 \text{ GeV}$ .

- 20 SIRUNYAN 19CQ search for vector boson fusion production of  $H^+$  decaying to  $H^+ \rightarrow W^\pm Z \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu q\bar{q}$  or  $q\bar{q}\ell^+\ell^-$  in  $35.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ . See their Fig. 5 for limits on cross section times branching ratio for  $m_{H^+} = 0.6\text{--}2.0 \text{ TeV}$ , and also for limits on the triplet vacuum expectation value fraction in the Georgi-Machacek model.
- 21 AABOUD 18BW search for  $t\bar{b}H^+$  associated production or the decay  $t \rightarrow bH^+$ , followed by  $H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu$ , in  $36.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ . See their Fig. 8(a) for upper limits on cross section times branching ratio for  $m_{H^+} = 90\text{--}2000 \text{ GeV}$ , and Fig. 8(b) for limits on  $B(t \rightarrow bH^+) B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu)$  for  $m_{H^+} = 90\text{--}160 \text{ GeV}$ . See also their Fig. 9 for the excluded region in the hMSSM parameter space.
- 22 AABOUD 18CD search for  $t\bar{b}H^+$  associated production followed by  $H^+ \rightarrow t\bar{b}$  in  $36.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ . See their Fig. 8 for upper limits on cross section times branching ratio for  $m_{H^+} = 0.2\text{--}2 \text{ TeV}$ . See also their Fig. 9 for the excluded region in the parameter space of the  $m_h^{\text{mod}-}$  and hMSSM scenarios of the MSSM. The theory predictions overlaid to the experimental limits to determine the excluded  $m_{H^+}$  range are shown without their respective uncertainty band.
- 23 AABOUD 18CH search for vector boson fusion production of  $H^\pm$  decaying to  $H^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm Z \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu \ell^+\ell^-$  in  $36.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ . See their Fig. 7 for limits on cross section times branching ratio for  $m_{H^\pm} = 0.2\text{--}0.9 \text{ TeV}$ , and also for limits on the triplet vacuum expectation value fraction in the Georgi-Machacek model.
- 24 HALLER 18 give 95% CL lower limits on  $m_{H^+}$  of  $590 \text{ GeV}$  in type II two Higgs doublet model from combined data (including an unpublished BELLE result) for  $B(b \rightarrow s\gamma)$ .
- 25 SIRUNYAN 18DO search for  $t\bar{t}$  production followed by  $t \rightarrow bH^+$ ,  $H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{b}$  in  $19.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ . See their Fig. 3 for upper limits on  $B(t \rightarrow bH^+)$  for  $m_{H^+} = 90\text{--}150 \text{ GeV}$  assuming that  $B(H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{b}) = 1$  and  $B(t \rightarrow bH^+) + B(t \rightarrow bW^+) = 1$ .
- 26 MISIAK 17 give 95% CL lower limits on  $m_{H^+}$  between  $570$  and  $800 \text{ GeV}$  in type II two Higgs doublet model from combined data (including an unpublished BELLE result) for  $B(b \rightarrow s(d)\gamma)$ .
- 27 SIRUNYAN 17AE search for vector boson fusion production of  $H^\pm$  decaying to  $H^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm Z \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu \ell^+\ell^-$  in  $15.2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ . See their Fig. 3 for limits on cross section times branching ratio for  $m_{H^\pm} = 0.2\text{--}2.0 \text{ TeV}$ , and also for limits on the triplet vacuum expectation value fraction in the Georgi-Machacek model.
- 28 AABOUD 16A search for  $t(b)H^\pm$  associated production followed by  $H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu$  in  $3.2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ . Upper limits on  $\sigma(t(b)H^\pm) B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau\nu)$  between  $1.9 \text{ pb}$  and  $15 \text{ fb}$  (95% CL) are given for  $m_{H^+} = 200\text{--}2000 \text{ GeV}$ , see their Fig. 6. See their Fig. 7 for the excluded regions in the hMSSM scenario.
- 29 AAD 16AJ search for  $t(b)H^\pm$  associated production followed by  $H^\pm \rightarrow tb$  in  $20.3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ . See their Fig. 6 for upper limits on  $\sigma(t(b)H^\pm) B(H^+ \rightarrow tb)$  for  $m_{H^+} = 200\text{--}600 \text{ GeV}$ .
- 30 AAD 16AJ search for  $H^\pm$  production from quark-antiquark annihilation, followed by  $H^\pm \rightarrow tb$ , in  $20.3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ . See their Fig. 10 for upper limits on  $\sigma(H^\pm) B(H^+ \rightarrow tb)$  for  $m_{H^+} = 400\text{--}3000 \text{ GeV}$ .
- 31 AAD 15AF search for  $tH^\pm$  associated production followed by  $H^\pm \rightarrow \tau^\pm \nu$  in  $19.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ . Upper limits on  $\sigma(tH^\pm) B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau\nu)$  between  $760$  and  $4.5 \text{ fb}$  (95% CL) are given for  $m_{H^+} = 180\text{--}1000 \text{ GeV}$ . See their Fig. 8 for the excluded regions in different benchmark scenarios of the MSSM.
- 32 AAD 15M search for vector boson fusion production of  $H^\pm$  decaying to  $H^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm Z \rightarrow q\bar{q}\ell^+\ell^-$  in  $20.3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ . See their Fig. 2 for limits on

- cross section times branching ratio for  $m_{H^\pm} = 200\text{--}1000$  GeV, and Fig. 3 for limits on the triplet vacuum expectation value fraction in the Georgi-Machacek model.
- 33 KHACHATRYAN 15AX search for  $tH^\pm$  associated production followed by  $H^\pm \rightarrow tb$  in  $19.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 8$  TeV. Upper limits on  $\sigma(tH^\pm) B(H^\pm \rightarrow tb)$  between 2.0 and  $0.13 \text{ pb}$  (95% CL) are given for  $m_{H^+} = 180\text{--}600$  GeV. See their Fig. 11 for the excluded regions in different benchmark scenarios of the MSSM.
- 34 KHACHATRYAN 15AX search for  $tH^\pm$  associated production followed by  $H^\pm \rightarrow \tau^\pm \nu$  in  $19.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 8$  TeV. Upper limits on  $\sigma(tH^\pm) B(H^\pm \rightarrow \tau\nu)$  between 380 and  $25 \text{ fb}$  (95% CL) are given for  $m_{H^+} = 180\text{--}600$  GeV. See their Fig. 11 for the excluded regions in different benchmark scenarios of the MSSM.
- 35 KHACHATRYAN 15BF search for  $t\bar{t}$  production followed by  $t \rightarrow bH^+$ ,  $H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{s}$  in  $19.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 8$  TeV. Upper limits on  $B(t \rightarrow bH^+) B(H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{s})$  between  $1.2 \times 10^{-2}$  and  $6.5 \times 10^{-2}$  (95% CL) are given for  $m_{H^+} = 90\text{--}160$  GeV.
- 36 AAD 14M search for the decay cascade  $H_2^0 \rightarrow H^\pm W^\mp \rightarrow H^0 W^\pm W^\mp$ ,  $H^0$  decaying to  $b\bar{b}$  in  $20.3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 8$  TeV. See their Table III for limits on cross section times branching ratio for  $m_{H_2^0} = 325\text{--}1025$  GeV and  $m_{H^+} = 225\text{--}925$  GeV.
- 37 AALTONEN 14A measure  $B(t \rightarrow b\tau\nu) = 0.096 \pm 0.028$  using  $9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96$  TeV. For  $m_{H^+} = 80\text{--}140$  GeV, this measured value is translated to a limit  $B(t \rightarrow bH^+) < 0.059$  at 95% CL assuming  $B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu) = 1$ .
- 38 AAD 13AC search for  $t\bar{t}$  production followed by  $t \rightarrow bH^+$ ,  $H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{s}$  (flavor unidentified) in  $4.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$  TeV. Upper limits on  $B(t \rightarrow bH^+)$  between 0.05 and 0.01 (95% CL) are given for  $m_{H^+} = 90\text{--}150$  GeV and  $B(H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{s}) = 1$ .
- 39 AAD 13V search for  $t\bar{t}$  production followed by  $t \rightarrow bH^+$ ,  $H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu$  through violation of lepton universality with  $4.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$  TeV. Upper limits on  $B(t \rightarrow bH^+)$  between 0.032 and 0.044 (95% CL) are given for  $m_{H^+} = 90\text{--}140$  GeV and  $B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu) = 1$ . By combining with AAD 12BH, the limits improve to 0.008 to 0.034 for  $m_{H^+} = 90\text{--}160$  GeV. See their Fig. 7 for the excluded region in the  $m_h^{\max}$  scenario of the MSSM.
- 40 AAD 12BH search for  $t\bar{t}$  production followed by  $t \rightarrow bH^+$ ,  $H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu$  with  $4.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$  TeV. Upper limits on  $B(t \rightarrow bH^+)$  between 0.01 and 0.05 (95% CL) are given for  $m_{H^+} = 90\text{--}160$  GeV and  $B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu) = 1$ . See their Fig. 8 for the excluded region in the  $m_h^{\max}$  scenario of the MSSM.
- 41 CHATRCHYAN 12AA search for  $t\bar{t}$  production followed by  $t \rightarrow bH^+$ ,  $H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu$  with  $2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$  TeV. Upper limits on  $B(t \rightarrow bH^+)$  between 0.019 and 0.041 (95% CL) are given for  $m_{H^+} = 80\text{--}160$  GeV and  $B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu) = 1$ .
- 42 AALTONEN 11P search in  $2.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96$  TeV for the decay chain  $t \rightarrow bH^+$ ,  $H^+ \rightarrow W^+ A^0$ ,  $A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$  with  $m_{A^0}$  between 4 and 9 GeV. See their Fig. 4 for limits on  $B(t \rightarrow bH^+)$  for  $90 < m_{H^+} < 160$  GeV.
- 43 DESCHAMPS 10 make Type II two Higgs doublet model fits to weak leptonic and semileptonic decays,  $b \rightarrow s\gamma$ ,  $B$ ,  $B_s$  mixings, and  $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ . The limit holds irrespective of  $\tan\beta$ .
- 44 AALTONEN 09AJ search for  $t \rightarrow bH^+$ ,  $H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{s}$  in  $t\bar{t}$  events in  $2.2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96$  TeV. Upper limits on  $B(t \rightarrow bH^+)$  between 0.08 and 0.32 (95% CL) are given for  $m_{H^+} = 60\text{--}150$  GeV and  $B(H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{s}) = 1$ .
- 45 ABAZOV 09AC search for  $t \rightarrow bH^+$ ,  $H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu$  in  $t\bar{t}$  events in  $0.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96$  TeV. Upper limits on  $B(t \rightarrow bH^+)$  between 0.19 and 0.25

- (95% CL) are given for  $m_{H^+} = 80\text{--}155 \text{ GeV}$  and  $B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu) = 1$ . See their Fig. 4 for an excluded region in a MSSM scenario.
- 46 ABAZOV 09AG measure  $t\bar{t}$  cross sections in final states with  $\ell + \text{jets}$  ( $\ell = e, \mu$ ),  $\ell\ell$ , and  $\tau\ell$  in  $1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ , which constrains possible  $t \rightarrow bH^+$  branching fractions. Upper limits (95% CL) on  $B(t \rightarrow bH^+)$  between 0.15 and 0.40 (0.48 and 0.57) are given for  $B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu) = 1$  ( $B(H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{s}) = 1$ ) for  $m_{H^+} = 80\text{--}155 \text{ GeV}$ .
- 47 ABAZOV 09AI search for  $t \rightarrow bH^+$  in  $t\bar{t}$  events in  $1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ . Final states with  $\ell + \text{jets}$  ( $\ell = e, \mu$ ),  $\ell\ell$ , and  $\tau\ell$  are examined. Upper limits on  $B(t \rightarrow bH^+)$  (95% CL) between 0.15 and 0.19 (0.19 and 0.22) are given for  $B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu) = 1$  ( $B(H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{s}) = 1$ ) for  $m_{H^+} = 80\text{--}155 \text{ GeV}$ . For  $B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu) = 1$  also a simultaneous extraction of  $B(t \rightarrow bH^+)$  and the  $t\bar{t}$  cross section is performed, yielding a limit on  $B(t \rightarrow bH^+)$  between 0.12 and 0.26 for  $m_{H^+} = 80\text{--}155 \text{ GeV}$ . See their Figs. 5–8 for excluded regions in several MSSM scenarios.
- 48 ABAZOV 09P search for  $H^+$  production by  $q\bar{q}'$  annihilation followed by  $H^+ \rightarrow t\bar{b}$  decay in  $0.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ . Cross section limits in several two-doublet models are given for  $m_{H^+} = 180\text{--}300 \text{ GeV}$ . A region with  $20 \lesssim \tan\beta \lesssim 70$  is excluded (95% CL) for  $180 \text{ GeV} \lesssim m_{H^+} \lesssim 184 \text{ GeV}$  in type-I models.
- 49 ABULENCIA 06E search for associated  $H^0 W$  production in  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ . A fit is made for  $t\bar{t}$  production processes in dilepton, lepton + jets, and lepton +  $\tau$  final states, with the decays  $t \rightarrow W^+ b$  and  $t \rightarrow H^+ b$  followed by  $H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu, c\bar{s}, t^* \bar{b}$ , or  $W^+ H^0$ . Within the MSSM the search is sensitive to the region  $\tan\beta < 1$  or  $> 30$  in the mass range  $m_{H^+} = 80\text{--}160 \text{ GeV}$ . See Fig. 2 for the excluded region in a certain MSSM scenario.
- 50 ABDALLAH 04I search for  $e^+ e^- \rightarrow H^\pm H^\pm$  with  $H^\pm$  decaying to  $\tau\nu, cs$ , or  $W^* A^0$  in Type-I two-Higgs-doublet models.
- 51 ABBIENDI 03 give a limit  $m_{H^+} > 1.28\tan\beta \text{ GeV}$  (95%CL) in Type II two-doublet models.
- 52 ABAZOV 02B search for a charged Higgs boson in top decays with  $H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu$  at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.8 \text{ TeV}$ . For  $m_{H^+} = 75 \text{ GeV}$ , the region  $\tan\beta > 32.0$  is excluded at 95%CL. The excluded mass region extends to over 140 GeV for  $\tan\beta$  values above 100.
- 53 BORZUMATI 02 point out that the decay modes such as  $b\bar{b}W, A^0 W$ , and supersymmetric ones can have substantial branching fractions in the mass range explored at LEP II and Tevatron.
- 54 ABBIENDI 01Q give a limit  $\tan\beta/m_{H^+} < 0.53 \text{ GeV}^{-1}$  (95%CL) in Type II two-doublet models.
- 55 BARATE 01E give a limit  $\tan\beta/m_{H^+} < 0.40 \text{ GeV}^{-1}$  (90% CL) in Type II two-doublet models. An independent measurement of  $B \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau X$  gives  $\tan\beta/m_{H^+} < 0.49 \text{ GeV}^{-1}$  (90% CL).
- 56 GAMBINO 01 use the world average data in the summer of 2001  $B(b \rightarrow s\gamma) = (3.23 \pm 0.42) \times 10^{-4}$ . The limit applies for Type-II two-doublet models.
- 57 AFFOLDER 00I search for a charged Higgs boson in top decays with  $H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu$  in  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.8 \text{ TeV}$ . The excluded mass region extends to over 120 GeV for  $\tan\beta$  values above 100 and  $B(\tau\nu) = 1$ . If  $B(t \rightarrow bH^+) \gtrsim 0.6$ ,  $m_{H^+}$  up to 160 GeV is excluded. Updates ABE 97L.
- 58 ABBOTT 99E search for a charged Higgs boson in top decays in  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.8 \text{ TeV}$ , by comparing the observed  $t\bar{t}$  cross section (extracted from the data assuming the dominant decay  $t \rightarrow bW^+$ ) with theoretical expectation. The search is sensitive to regions of the domains  $\tan\beta \lesssim 1, 50 < m_{H^+} (\text{GeV}) \lesssim 120$  and  $\tan\beta \gtrsim 40, 50 < m_{H^+} (\text{GeV}) \lesssim 160$ . See Fig. 3 for the details of the excluded region.

- 59 ACKERSTAFF 99D measure the Michel parameters  $\rho$ ,  $\xi$ ,  $\eta$ , and  $\xi\delta$  in leptonic  $\tau$  decays from  $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ . Assuming  $e\text{-}\mu$  universality, the limit  $m_{H^+} > 0.97 \tan\beta$  GeV (95%CL) is obtained for two-doublet models in which only one doublet couples to leptons.
- 60 ACCIARRI 97F give a limit  $m_{H^+} > 2.6 \tan\beta$  GeV (90% CL) from their limit on the exclusive  $B \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau$  branching ratio.
- 61 AMMAR 97B measure the Michel parameter  $\rho$  from  $\tau \rightarrow e\nu\nu$  decays and assumes  $e/\mu$  universality to extract the Michel  $\eta$  parameter from  $\tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu$  decays. The measurement is translated to a lower limit on  $m_{H^+}$  in a two-doublet model  $m_{H^+} > 0.97 \tan\beta$  GeV (90% CL).
- 62 COARASA 97 reanalyzed the constraint on the  $(m_{H^\pm}, \tan\beta)$  plane derived from the inclusive  $B \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau X$  branching ratio in GROSSMAN 95B and BUSKULIC 95. They show that the constraint is quite sensitive to supersymmetric one-loop effects.
- 63 GUCHAIT 97 studies the constraints on  $m_{H^+}$  set by Tevatron data on  $\ell\tau$  final states in  $t\bar{t} \rightarrow (Wb)(Hb)$ ,  $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$ ,  $H \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau$ . See Fig. 2 for the excluded region.
- 64 MANGANO 97 reconsiders the limit in ACCIARRI 97F including the effect of the potentially large  $B_c \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau$  background to  $B_u \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau$  decays. Stronger limits are obtained.
- 65 STAHL 97 fit  $\tau$  lifetime, leptonic branching ratios, and the Michel parameters and derive limit  $m_{H^+} > 1.5 \tan\beta$  GeV (90% CL) for a two-doublet model. See also STAHL 94.
- 66 ALAM 95 measure the inclusive  $b \rightarrow s\gamma$  branching ratio at  $\Upsilon(4S)$  and give  $B(b \rightarrow s\gamma) < 4.2 \times 10^{-4}$  (95% CL), which translates to the limit  $m_{H^+} > [244 + 63/(\tan\beta)^{1.3}]$  GeV in the Type II two-doublet model. Light supersymmetric particles can invalidate this bound.
- 67 BUSKULIC 95 give a limit  $m_{H^+} > 1.9 \tan\beta$  GeV (90% CL) for Type-II models from  $b \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau X$  branching ratio, as proposed in GROSSMAN 94.

### ———— $H^\pm$ (charged Higgs) mass limits for $m_{H^+} > m(\text{top})$ ——

Limits obtained at the LHC are given in the  $m_h^{mod-}$  benchmark scenario, see CARENA 13, and depend on the  $\tan\beta$  values.

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
> 181	95	1 AABOUD	18BWATLS	$\tan\beta = 10$
> 249	95	1 AABOUD	18BWATLS	$\tan\beta = 20$
> 390	95	1 AABOUD	18BWATLS	$\tan\beta = 30$
> 894	95	1 AABOUD	18BWATLS	$\tan\beta = 40$
> 1017	95	1 AABOUD	18BWATLS	$\tan\beta = 50$
> 1103	95	1 AABOUD	18BWATLS	$\tan\beta = 60$

<sup>1</sup> AABOUD 18BW search for  $\bar{t}bH^+$  associated production in  $36.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ . See also their Fig. 9 for the excluded region in the hMSSM parameter space.

### ———— $H^{\pm\pm}$ (doubly-charged Higgs boson) mass limits ——

This section covers searches for a doubly-charged Higgs boson with couplings to lepton pairs. Its weak isospin  $T_3$  is thus restricted to two possibilities depending on lepton chiralities:  $T_3(H^{\pm\pm}) = \pm 1$ , with the coupling  $g_{\ell\ell}$  to  $\ell_L^- \ell_L'$  and  $\ell_R^+ \ell_R'$  ("left-handed") and  $T_3(H^{\pm\pm}) = 0$ , with the coupling to  $\ell_R^- \ell_R'$  and  $\ell_L^+ \ell_L'$  ("right-handed"). These Higgs bosons appear in some left-right symmetric models based on the gauge group  $SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R \times U(1)$ , the type-II seesaw model, and the Zee-Babu model. The two cases are listed separately in the following. Unless

noted, one of the lepton flavor combinations is assumed to be dominant in the decay.

### Limits for $H^{\pm\pm}$ with $T_3 = \pm 1$

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
> 1020	95	1 AAD	23AI ATLS	$\ell\ell$
> 220	95	2 AABOUD	19K ATLS	$W^\pm W^\pm$
> 768	95	3 AABOUD	18BC ATLS	$ee$
> 846	95	3 AABOUD	18BC ATLS	$\mu\mu$
> 468	95	4 AAD	15AG ATLS	$e\mu$
> 400	95	5 AAD	15AP ATLS	$e\tau$
> 400	95	5 AAD	15AP ATLS	$\mu\tau$
> 169	95	6 CHATRCHYAN	12AU CMS	$\tau\tau$
> 300	95	6 CHATRCHYAN	12AU CMS	$\mu\tau$
> 293	95	6 CHATRCHYAN	12AU CMS	$e\tau$
> 395	95	6 CHATRCHYAN	12AU CMS	$\mu\mu$
> 391	95	6 CHATRCHYAN	12AU CMS	$e\mu$
> 382	95	6 CHATRCHYAN	12AU CMS	$ee$
> 98.1	95	7 ABDALLAH	03 DLPH	$\tau\tau$
> 99.0	95	8 ABBIENDI	02C OPAL	$\tau\tau$
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>				
> 350	95	9 AAD	21U ATLS	$W^\pm W^\pm$
> 230	95	10 AAD	21U ATLS	$H^{\pm\pm} H^\mp$ associated production, $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow W^\pm W^\pm$ , $H^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm Z$
		11 SIRUNYAN	21W CMS	$W^\pm W^\pm$
		12 SIRUNYAN	19CQ CMS	$W^\pm W^\pm$
		13 SIRUNYAN	18CC CMS	$W^\pm W^\pm$
> 551	95	4 AAD	15AG ATLS	$ee$
> 516	95	4 AAD	15AG ATLS	$\mu\mu$
		14 KANEMURA	15 RVUE	$W^{(*)\pm} W^{(*)\pm}$
		15 KHACHATRY...	15D CMS	$W^\pm W^\pm$
		16 KANEMURA	14 RVUE	$W^{(*)\pm} W^{(*)\pm}$
> 330	95	17 AAD	13Y ATLS	$\mu\mu$
> 237	95	17 AAD	13Y ATLS	$\mu\tau$
> 355	95	18 AAD	12AY ATLS	$\mu\mu$
> 398	95	19 AAD	12CQ ATLS	$\mu\mu$
> 375	95	19 AAD	12CQ ATLS	$e\mu$
> 409	95	19 AAD	12CQ ATLS	$ee$
> 128	95	20 ABAZOV	12A D0	$\tau\tau$
> 144	95	20 ABAZOV	12A D0	$\mu\tau$
> 245	95	21 AALTONEN	11AF CDF	$\mu\mu$
> 210	95	21 AALTONEN	11AF CDF	$e\mu$
> 225	95	21 AALTONEN	11AF CDF	$ee$
> 114	95	22 AALTONEN	08AA CDF	$e\tau$
> 112	95	22 AALTONEN	08AA CDF	$\mu\tau$
> 168	95	23 ABAZOV	08V D0	$\mu\mu$
		24 AKTAS	06A H1	single $H^{\pm\pm}$
> 133	95	25 ACOSTA	05L CDF	stable
> 118.4	95	26 ABAZOV	04E D0	$\mu\mu$

	27	ABBIENDI	03Q	OPAL	$E_{\text{cm}} \leq 209 \text{ GeV}$ , single $H^{\pm\pm}$
	28	GORDEEV	97	SPEC	muonium conversion
	29	ASAKA	95	THEO	
> 45.6	95	30 ACTON	92M	OPAL	
> 30.4	95	31 ACTON	92M	OPAL	
none 6.5–36.6	95	32 SWARTZ	90	MRK2	

<sup>1</sup> AAD 23AI search for  $H^{++}H^{--}$  production using  $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ . Decay branching ratios  $B(H^{++} \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell'^+)$  for the six flavor combinations are assumed to be equal, adding up to unity. If the  $T_3 = 0$  states are degenerate with the  $T_3 = \pm 1$  states, the limit becomes  $1080 \text{ GeV}$ .

<sup>2</sup> AABOUD 19K search for pair production of  $H^{++}H^{--}$  followed by the decay  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow W^\pm W^\pm$  in  $36.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ . The search is interpreted in a doublet-triplet extension of the scalar sector with a vev of  $0.1 \text{ GeV}$ , leading to  $B(H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow W^\pm W^\pm) = 1$ . See their Fig. 5 for limits on the cross section for  $m_{H^{++}}$  between 200 and  $700 \text{ GeV}$ .

<sup>3</sup> See their Figs. 11(b) and 13 for limits with smaller branching ratios.

<sup>4</sup> AAD 15AG search for  $H^{++}H^{--}$  production in  $20.3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ . The limit assumes 100% branching ratio to the specified final state. See their Fig. 5 for limits for arbitrary branching ratios.

<sup>5</sup> AAD 15AP search for  $H^{++}H^{--}$  production in  $20.3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ . The limit assumes 100% branching ratio to the specified final state.

<sup>6</sup> CHATRCHYAN 12AU search for  $H^{++}H^{--}$  production with  $4.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 7 \text{ TeV}$ . The limit assumes 100% branching ratio to the specified final state. See their Table 6 for limits including associated  $H^{++}H^-$  production or assuming different scenarios.

<sup>7</sup> ABDALLAH 03 search for  $H^{++}H^{--}$  pair production either followed by  $H^{++} \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^+$ , or decaying outside the detector.

<sup>8</sup> ABBIENDI 02C searches for pair production of  $H^{++}H^{--}$ , with  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell^\pm \ell^\pm (\ell, \ell' = e, \mu, \tau)$ . The limit holds for  $\ell = \ell' = \tau$ , and becomes stronger for other combinations of leptonic final states. To ensure the decay within the detector, the limit only applies for  $g(H\ell\ell) \gtrsim 10^{-7}$ .

<sup>9</sup> AAD 21U search for pair production of  $H^{++}H^{--}$  followed by the decay  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow W^\pm W^\pm$  in  $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ . The search is interpreted in a triplet extension of the SM Higgs sector with a triplet vev of  $0.1 \text{ GeV}$ , leading to  $B(H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow W^\pm W^\pm) = 1$ . See their Fig. 9(a) for limits on the cross section for  $m_{H^{++}}$  between 200 and  $600 \text{ GeV}$ .

<sup>10</sup> AAD 21U search for associated production of  $H^{\pm\pm}H^\mp$  followed by the decays  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow W^\pm W^\pm$ ,  $H^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm Z$  in  $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ .  $H^{\pm\pm}$  and  $H^\pm$  are assumed to be degenerate in mass within  $5 \text{ GeV}$ . The search is interpreted in a triplet extension of the SM Higgs sector with a triplet vev of  $0.1 \text{ GeV}$ , leading to  $B(H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow W^\pm W^\pm) = 1$ . See their Fig. 9(b) for limits on the cross section for  $m_{H^{++}}$  between 200 and  $600 \text{ GeV}$ .

<sup>11</sup> SIRUNYAN 21W search for vector boson fusion production of  $H^{\pm\pm}$  decaying to  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow W^\pm W^\pm \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu \ell^\pm \nu$  in  $137 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ . See their Fig. 8 for limits on cross section times branching ratio for  $m_{H^{++}} = 0.2\text{--}3.0 \text{ TeV}$ .

<sup>12</sup> SIRUNYAN 19CQ search for  $H^{\pm\pm}$  production by vector boson fusion followed by the decay  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow W^\pm W^\pm \rightarrow q\bar{q}\ell\nu$  in  $35.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ . See their Fig. 5 for limits on cross section times branching ratio for  $m_{H^{\pm\pm}}$  between 0.6 and  $2 \text{ TeV}$ .

<sup>13</sup> SIRUNYAN 18CC search for  $H^{\pm\pm}$  production by vector boson fusion followed by the decay  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow W^\pm W^\pm$  in  $35.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ . See their

- Fig. 3 for limits on cross section times branching ratio for  $m_{H^{\pm\pm}}$  between 200 and 1000 GeV.
- <sup>14</sup>KANEMURA 15 examine the case where  $H^{++}$  decays preferentially to  $W^{(*)} W^{(*)}$  and estimate that a lower mass limit of  $\sim 84$  GeV can be derived from the same-sign dilepton data of AAD 15AG if  $H^{++}$  decays with 100% branching ratio to  $W^{(*)} W^{(*)}$ .
- <sup>15</sup>KHACHATRYAN 15D search for  $H^{\pm\pm}$  production by vector boson fusion followed by the decay  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow W^\pm W^\pm$  in  $19.4 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p p$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ . See their Fig. 4 for limits on cross section times branching ratio for  $m_{H^{++}}$  between 160 and 800 GeV.
- <sup>16</sup>KANEMURA 14 examine the case where  $H^{++}$  decays preferentially to  $W^{(*)} W^{(*)}$  and estimate that a lower mass limit of  $\sim 60$  GeV can be derived from the same-sign dilepton data of AAD 12CY.
- <sup>17</sup>AAD 13Y search for  $H^{++} H^{--}$  production in a generic search of events with three charged leptons in  $4.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p p$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 7 \text{ TeV}$ . The limit assumes 100% branching ratio to the specified final state.
- <sup>18</sup>AAD 12AY search for  $H^{++} H^{--}$  production with  $1.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p p$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 7 \text{ TeV}$ . The limit assumes 100% branching ratio to the specified final state.
- <sup>19</sup>AAD 12CQ search for  $H^{++} H^{--}$  production with  $4.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p p$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 7 \text{ TeV}$ . The limit assumes 100% branching ratio to the specified final state. See their Table 1 for limits assuming smaller branching ratios.
- <sup>20</sup>ABAZOV 12A search for  $H^{++} H^{--}$  production in  $7.0 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p \bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ .
- <sup>21</sup>AALTONEN 11AF search for  $H^{++} H^{--}$  production in  $6.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p \bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ .
- <sup>22</sup>AALTONEN 08AA search for  $H^{++} H^{--}$  production in  $p \bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ . The limit assumes 100% branching ratio to the specified final state.
- <sup>23</sup>ABAZOV 08V search for  $H^{++} H^{--}$  production in  $p \bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ . The limit is for  $B(H \rightarrow \mu\mu) = 1$ . The limit is updated in ABAZOV 12A.
- <sup>24</sup>AKTAS 06A search for single  $H^{\pm\pm}$  production in  $e p$  collisions at HERA. Assuming that  $H^{++}$  only couples to  $e^+ \mu^+$  with  $g_{e\mu} = 0.3$  (electromagnetic strength), a limit  $m_{H^{++}} > 141 \text{ GeV}$  (95% CL) is derived. For the case where  $H^{++}$  couples to  $e\tau$  only the limit is 112 GeV.
- <sup>25</sup>ACOSTA 05L search for  $H^{++} H^{--}$  pair production in  $p \bar{p}$  collisions. The limit is valid for  $g_{\ell\ell} < 10^{-8}$  so that the Higgs decays outside the detector.
- <sup>26</sup>ABAZOV 04E search for  $H^{++} H^{--}$  pair production in  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \mu^\pm \mu^\pm$ . The limit is valid for  $g_{\mu\mu} \gtrsim 10^{-7}$ .
- <sup>27</sup>ABBIENDI 03Q searches for single  $H^{\pm\pm}$  via direct production in  $e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^\mp e^\mp H^{\pm\pm}$ , and via  $t$ -channel exchange in  $e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^-$ . In the direct case, and assuming  $B(H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell^\pm \ell^\pm) = 1$ , a 95% CL limit on  $h_{ee} < 0.071$  is set for  $m_{H^{\pm\pm}} < 160 \text{ GeV}$  (see Fig. 6). In the second case, indirect limits on  $h_{ee}$  are set for  $m_{H^{\pm\pm}} < 2 \text{ TeV}$  (see Fig. 8).
- <sup>28</sup>GORDEEV 97 search for muonium-antimuonium conversion and find  $G_{M\bar{M}}/G_F < 0.14$  (90% CL), where  $G_{M\bar{M}}$  is the lepton-flavor violating effective four-fermion coupling. This limit may be converted to  $m_{H^{++}} > 210 \text{ GeV}$  if the Yukawa couplings of  $H^{++}$  to  $ee$  and  $\mu\mu$  are as large as the weak gauge coupling. For similar limits on muonium-antimuonium conversion, see the muon Particle Listings.
- <sup>29</sup>ASAKA 95 point out that  $H^{++}$  decays dominantly to four fermions in a large region of parameter space where the limit of ACTON 92M from the search of dilepton modes does not apply.
- <sup>30</sup>ACTON 92M limit assumes  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell^\pm \ell^\pm$  or  $H^{\pm\pm}$  does not decay in the detector. Thus the region  $g_{\ell\ell} \approx 10^{-7}$  is not excluded.
- <sup>31</sup>ACTON 92M from  $\Delta\Gamma_Z < 40 \text{ MeV}$ .

<sup>32</sup> SWARTZ 90 assume  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell^\pm \ell^\pm$  (any flavor). The limits are valid for the Higgs-lepton coupling  $g(H\ell\ell) \gtrsim 7.4 \times 10^{-7}/[m_H/\text{GeV}]^{1/2}$ . The limits improve somewhat for  $ee$  and  $\mu\mu$  decay modes.

### Limits for $H^{\pm\pm}$ with $T_3 = 0$

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
>900	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD	23AI ATLS	$\ell\ell$
> 58	95	<sup>2</sup> AABOUD	18BC ATLS	$ee$
>723	95	<sup>2</sup> AABOUD	18BC ATLS	$\mu\mu$
>402	95	<sup>3</sup> AAD	15AG ATLS	$e\mu$
>290	95	<sup>4</sup> AAD	15AP ATLS	$e\tau$
>290	95	<sup>4</sup> AAD	15AP ATLS	$\mu\tau$
> 97.3	95	<sup>5</sup> ABDALLAH	03 DLPFH	$\tau\tau$
> 97.3	95	<sup>6</sup> ACHARD	03F L3	$\tau\tau$
> 98.5	95	<sup>7</sup> ABBIENDI	02C OPAL	$\tau\tau$
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>				
>374	95	<sup>3</sup> AAD	15AG ATLS	$ee$
>438	95	<sup>3</sup> AAD	15AG ATLS	$\mu\mu$
>251	95	<sup>8</sup> AAD	12AY ATLS	$\mu\mu$
>306	95	<sup>9</sup> AAD	12CQ ATLS	$\mu\mu$
>310	95	<sup>9</sup> AAD	12CQ ATLS	$e\mu$
>322	95	<sup>9</sup> AAD	12CQ ATLS	$ee$
>113	95	<sup>10</sup> ABAZOV	12A D0	$\mu\tau$
>205	95	<sup>11</sup> AALTONEN	11AF CDF	$\mu\mu$
>190	95	<sup>11</sup> AALTONEN	11AF CDF	$e\mu$
>205	95	<sup>11</sup> AALTONEN	11AF CDF	$ee$
>145	95	<sup>12</sup> ABAZOV	08V D0	$\mu\mu$
		<sup>13</sup> AKTAS	06A H1	single $H^{\pm\pm}$
>109	95	<sup>14</sup> ACOSTA	05L CDF	stable
> 98.2	95	<sup>15</sup> ABAZOV	04E D0	$\mu\mu$
		<sup>16</sup> ABBIENDI	03Q OPAL	$E_{cm} \leq 209 \text{ GeV}$ , single $H^{\pm\pm}$
		<sup>17</sup> GORDEEV	97 SPEC	muonium conversion
> 45.6	95	<sup>18</sup> ACTON	92M OPAL	
> 25.5	95	<sup>19</sup> ACTON	92M OPAL	
none 7.3–34.3	95	<sup>20</sup> SWARTZ	90 MRK2	

<sup>1</sup> AAD 23AI search for  $H^{++}H^{--}$  production using  $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{cm} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ . Decay branching ratios  $B(H^{++} \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell'^+)$  for the six flavor combinations are assumed to be equal, adding up to unity.

<sup>2</sup> See their Figs. 12(b) and 14 for limits with smaller branching ratios.

<sup>3</sup> AAD 15AG search for  $H^{++}H^{--}$  production in  $20.3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{cm} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ . The limit assumes 100% branching ratio to the specified final state. See their Fig. 5 for limits for arbitrary branching ratios.

<sup>4</sup> AAD 15AP search for  $H^{++}H^{--}$  production in  $20.3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{cm} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ . The limit assumes 100% branching ratio to the specified final state.

<sup>5</sup> ABDALLAH 03 search for  $H^{++}H^{--}$  pair production either followed by  $H^{++} \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^+$ , or decaying outside the detector.

<sup>6</sup> ACHARD 03F search for  $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^{++}H^{--}$  with  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell^\pm \ell'^\pm$ . The limit holds for  $\ell = \ell' = \tau$ , and slightly different limits apply for other flavor combinations. The limit is valid for  $g_{\ell\ell'} \gtrsim 10^{-7}$ .

- <sup>7</sup> ABBIENDI 02C searches for pair production of  $H^{++}H^{--}$ , with  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell^\pm\ell^\pm$  ( $\ell, \ell' = e, \mu, \tau$ ). the limit holds for  $\ell=\ell'=\tau$ , and becomes stronger for other combinations of leptonic final states. To ensure the decay within the detector, the limit only applies for  $g(H\ell\ell) \gtrsim 10^{-7}$ .
- <sup>8</sup> AAD 12AY search for  $H^{++}H^{--}$  production with  $1.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 7 \text{ TeV}$ . The limit assumes 100% branching ratio to the specified final state.
- <sup>9</sup> AAD 12CQ search for  $H^{++}H^{--}$  production with  $4.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 7 \text{ TeV}$ . The limit assumes 100% branching ratio to the specified final state. See their Table 1 for limits assuming smaller branching ratios.
- <sup>10</sup> ABAZOV 12A search for  $H^{++}H^{--}$  production in  $7.0 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ .
- <sup>11</sup> AALTONEN 11AF search for  $H^{++}H^{--}$  production in  $6.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ .
- <sup>12</sup> ABAZOV 08V search for  $H^{++}H^{--}$  production in  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ . The limit is for  $B(H \rightarrow \mu\mu) = 1$ . The limit is updated in ABAZOV 12A.
- <sup>13</sup> AKTAS 06A search for single  $H^{\pm\pm}$  production in  $e p$  collisions at HERA. Assuming that  $H^{++}$  only couples to  $e^+\mu^+$  with  $g_{e\mu} = 0.3$  (electromagnetic strength), a limit  $m_{H^{++}} > 141 \text{ GeV}$  (95% CL) is derived. For the case where  $H^{++}$  couples to  $e\tau$  only the limit is 112 GeV.
- <sup>14</sup> ACOSTA 05L search for  $H^{++}H^{--}$  pair production in  $p\bar{p}$  collisions. The limit is valid for  $g_{\ell\ell'} < 10^{-8}$  so that the Higgs decays outside the detector.
- <sup>15</sup> ABAZOV 04E search for  $H^{++}H^{--}$  pair production in  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \mu^\pm\mu^\pm$ . The limit is valid for  $g_{\mu\mu} \gtrsim 10^{-7}$ .
- <sup>16</sup> ABBIENDI 03Q searches for single  $H^{\pm\pm}$  via direct production in  $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^\mp e^\mp H^{\pm\pm}$ , and via  $t$ -channel exchange in  $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-$ . In the direct case, and assuming  $B(H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell^\pm\ell^\pm) = 1$ , a 95% CL limit on  $h_{ee} < 0.071$  is set for  $m_{H^{\pm\pm}} < 160 \text{ GeV}$  (see Fig. 6). In the second case, indirect limits on  $h_{ee}$  are set for  $m_{H^{\pm\pm}} < 2 \text{ TeV}$  (see Fig. 8).
- <sup>17</sup> GORDEEV 97 search for muonium-antimuonium conversion and find  $G_{M\overline{M}}/G_F < 0.14$  (90% CL), where  $G_{M\overline{M}}$  is the lepton-flavor violating effective four-fermion coupling. This limit may be converted to  $m_{H^{++}} > 210 \text{ GeV}$  if the Yukawa couplings of  $H^{++}$  to  $ee$  and  $\mu\mu$  are as large as the weak gauge coupling. For similar limits on muonium-antimuonium conversion, see the muon Particle Listings.
- <sup>18</sup> ACTON 92M limit assumes  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell^\pm\ell^\pm$  or  $H^{\pm\pm}$  does not decay in the detector. Thus the region  $g_{\ell\ell} \approx 10^{-7}$  is not excluded.
- <sup>19</sup> ACTON 92M from  $\Delta\Gamma_Z < 40 \text{ MeV}$ .
- <sup>20</sup> SWARTZ 90 assume  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell^\pm\ell^\pm$  (any flavor). The limits are valid for the Higgs-lepton coupling  $g(H\ell\ell) \gtrsim 7.4 \times 10^{-7}/[m_H/\text{GeV}]^{1/2}$ . The limits improve somewhat for  $ee$  and  $\mu\mu$  decay modes.

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